Weather
Cloudy but gradually improving today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 60.4 and the minimum 55.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 56.6 and 40.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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ALLIES' CONDITIONS FOR ARMISTICE TO GERMANY ANNOUNCED BY LANSING

FOCH BEGINS ATTEMPT IN GREAT STRUGGLE TO CUT OFF GERMAN ARMY

Battle Being Waged On Practically All Of West Front To Capture Or Destroy Enemy Force; French And Americans Make Huge Stride On Southern Flank

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 5.—The series of battles that are raging on the Western front from Valenciennes to Stenay promise to prove the most stupendous conflict of the war. It is a mistake to suppose that the Allies are only engaged with rearguards of the enemy retreating "according to plan." On the contrary, the Germans are being forced to fight their hardest by attacks which threaten to achieve the enemy's strategic collapse, and the successes gained by the Allies have been against immense concentrations and strength, striving with the greatest determination to hold vital points.

General Foch is adhering to his right angle front and is steadily reducing the enemy's area of manœuver, squeezing him against the Ardennes Hills from the west and south and robbing him of mobility in a fashion which is likely to prove disastrous before long. As the enemy's strategic position becomes more hopeless, his strength is being deeply sapped. Already his exit via Metz is fast being closed as the result of the American approach to Stenay.

Objective Of Americans

The objective of the Americans is Montmedy gap and the Longuyon-Mezieres-Hirson railway, from which they are less than seven miles distant. The cutting of this railway would mean the severing of communications between the German northern armies, based on Liege, and the southern armies, based on Luxemburg, which would be divided by the Ardennes wedge, forcing the whole German line from the Sambre northwards to retreat to the Antwerp-Namur positions.

If the enemy attempts to divert his eastern forces to the Meuse line, these will be increasingly congested by the British advance south of Valenciennes. General Haig's forces yesterday broke one of the enemy's strongest strategic positions and are approaching important communications, whose vital point is the Mons junction. The Germans here are fighting their hardest to prevent the British from turning the Mormal Forest, a great natural screen, impregnable to frontal attack, which covers the approach to Maubeuge. Never throughout the war have the Allied armies proved higher in quality, for they have resisted the temptation to take things easily against an enemy who is only too anxious to surrender territory and are fighting vigorously to deliver a knockout blow, which experts anticipate may be imminent.

Attack On 35-Mile Front

London, November 4.—A great Allied offensive, in which British, French, American and Belgian troops are all participating, is now progressing on the Western front. The British 1st, 3rd and 4th Armies are attacking on a front of twenty-five miles from Valenciennes to Oisy while the French, on the British right, are attacking on a ten mile front on both sides of Guise.

The passages of the Sambre and Oise have been forced and the British have reached the line of the river Aunelle, about five miles east of Valenciennes.

The American advance is continuing and has reached the line one mile southwest of Shenay to one mile south of Beaumont, thence westward to La Cassine which the French have captured.

Reuter's agency learns that the Allies advanced in today's attack between one and two miles along the greater part of the front between Guise and northeast of Valenciennes. They have reached the Franco-Belgian frontier eastward of Valenciennes. Fighting is proceeding in Le Quesnoy where the enemy is counter-attacking violently. We have captured Landrecies.

Up to the present 4,000 prisoners have been counted. We have penetrated one mile into the southern part of Mormal Forest.

10,000 Prisoners Captured

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's Monday evening communique reports:

The 4th, 3rd and 1st British Armies attacked between the Sambre canal at Oisy and the Scheldt northward of Valenciennes. On the whole of this thirty-mile front British troops and New Zealanders broke deeply into the enemy's positions, taking over 10,000 prisoners and 200 guns.

On the right of the attack the 1st and 32nd Divisions attacked in conjunction with the French southward of them. These divisions, with great dash and gallantry, stormed the formidable line of the Sambre canal, overcame the enemy's resistance and reached a depth of three miles eastward of the canal.

The 1st Division under General Strickland, after capturing Catillon, forced the passages of the canal opposite Catillon and near a lock two miles further south. At the latter point, assisted by engineers, the Cameron Highlanders crossed the canal in six minutes. The 1st Division captured Hautreve, Fesmy and La Groise, taking 1,500 prisoners.

Landrecies Falls Before Allies

On the left the 32nd Division crossed the Ors canal and after severe fighting, captured Ruedenhaut. We have cleared the line of the canal southwards and northwards of this village and have captured Mederies, La Folie and Sambreton. In the latter we attack-

(Continued on Page 5)

THE BATTLE SUMMED UP

The great battle for the entrapping or destruction of the German army is on. While the Allies have informed Berlin that it can have peace by surrender, Marshal Foch is throwing in his whole force to leave the Kaiser crew no choice.

From Valenciennes to Stenay, north of Verdun, practically all that is now left of the battlefield of Europe, the battle rages. The line today can be described as representing two sides of a right angle triangle, the hypothenuse being omitted. Along practically the whole base and the whole leg the Allies are attacking. Their aim is to bring the base and the leg together, with the angle as pivot, crushing the German army between the two. Their beginning is auspicious.

On a twenty-mile front west of the Meuse, the French and Americans have advanced five more miles, bringing them ten miles from Sedan and Mezieres—Sedan of tragic 1870 memory, where the cult of Hohenzollernism rampant had its birth then and where its demise now would be fraught with poetic justice. This is the base of the triangle.

On the leg the British and French, attacking from Valenciennes to south of Guise, a front of thirty-five miles, have progressed from two to more than three miles, capturing over 10,000 prisoners in a day.

The war may end this week—by Germany's acceptance of the Allied terms for the armistice. If not, it may end in not so much longer than a week—by the decisive and complete defeat of the German arms.

AUSTRIAN EMPIRE MADE POWERLESS UNDER ARMISTICE

Must Evacuate All Occupied Territory And Demobilise All Its Army

ALLIES GET NAVY

Also Have Right To Move Troops On Austrian Railways

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The terms of the Austrian armistice, with a parenthetical explanation of minor cable transmission errors, was announced by the State Department today as follows:

The following are the terms of the armistice imposed upon Austria, which went into effect at three o'clock Monday:

Military Clauses.

(1) The immediate cessation of hostilities by land, sea and air. The total demobilisation of the Austro-Hungarian army and immediate withdrawal of all Austro-Hungarian forces operating on the front from the North Sea to Switzerland. Within the Austro-Hungarian territory, limited as in clause three below, there shall only be maintained an organised military force reduced to pre-war (effectiveness).

(2) Half the divisional, corps and army artillery equipment shall be collected at points to be indicated by the Allies and the United States of America for delivery to them, beginning with such material as exists in the territory to be evacuated by the Austro-Hungarian forces.

Must Evacuate Territory

(3) The evacuation of the Ural territories invaded by Austria-Hungary since the beginning of the war. The withdrawal within such period as shall be determined by the Commander-in-Chief of the Allied forces on such front of the Austro-Hungarian armies behind a line fixed as follows: From Orcumbrail to the north of St. Elvic, it will follow the crest of the Rhetian Alps up to the sources of the Adige and the Eisach, passing thence by Mounts Reschen and Drenner and the heights of Oetz and Zoalle. The line then turns south, crossing Mount Sablach and meeting the present frontier at the Carnic Alps. It follows this frontier up to Mount Travis and after Mount Travis and the watershed of the Julian Alps by the Col di Predil (Terglau) and the watershed of the Cols di Podeerdo, Podlamiscan and Idria. From this point the line turns southeast towards the Schneeberg, excluding the whole basin of the Save and its tributaries. From Schneeberg it goes down toward the crest in such a way as to include Castua, Mattugies and Volosca in the evacuated territories. It will also follow the administrative lines of the present province of Dalmatia, including the North Lissarica and the Trikania to the south, territory seized by fine foe (?) the (semigrand) of Mont Blanca to the summits of the watersheds eastward, so as to include in the evacuated area all valleys and watercourses flowing towards the Sebinics, such as the Pricola, Kerka, Butisnica and their tributaries. It will include all the lands in the north and west of Dalmatia from Paemnda, Selve, Uldo, Scherda, Maan, Paga and Puntadura in the north up to Mileda in the south, embracing Santandrea, Frusi, Lisi, Lesina, Sercola, Chrola, Cazza and Lagosta as well as the neighboring rocks and islets and passages, only excepting the islands of great and small Zirona, Bua Solta and Brazza. All territory thus evacuated (shall be occupied by the forces) of the Allies and of the United States of America. All military and railway equipment of all kinds, including coal belonging to or within their territories (to be) left in situation and surrendered to the Allies, according to special orders by the Commander-in-Chief of the forces of the Associated Powers on the different fronts. No new destruction, pillage or requisition is to be done by the enemy troops in the territories to be evacuated by them and occupied by the forces of the Associated Powers.

Allies Can Use Railways

(4) The Allies shall have the right of free movement over all

(Continued on Page 8)

Yankee Soldier Enjoying Salvation Army Doughnuts

DOUGHNUTS FOR THE DOUGHBOYS.
© Comm. on Public Information, Supplied by I.N.S.

A Yankee soldier enjoying doughnuts made by Salvation Army lassies near the battle front in France. Recent despatches from the front told how American soldiers, marching into battle, were served with hot doughnuts as they passed a Salvation Army hut.

3,000,000 Italians Freed For Action On Western Front

Whole Victorious Army Ready To Throw In Weight To Crush Germany

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, November 4.—Three million Italian troops, freed by the armistice with Austria, are now ready to throw in their weight against Germany. This sentiment was repeatedly expressed by various speakers to great crowds of demonstrators who paraded the streets throughout the night carrying torches. The crowd answered "Down with Germany and the Kaiser. Viva Alsace-Lorraine, Belgium and England."

An Italian official communique states:

The Austro-Hungarian Army has been destroyed. It suffered very heavy losses and left in our hands 300,000 prisoners and 5,000 guns.

London, November 4.—A British Italian official communique reports:

The 10th Army has reached the line of the river Tagliamento. Among the troops which crossed the river at several places was the 332nd American regiment, forming part of the 31st Italian Division. The 48th Division has occupied Levico, capturing during the last forty-eight hours over 20,000 prisoners and several hundred guns.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The Austrian prisoners captured by the Italians before the armistice took effect are estimated at half a million and the booty included 250,000 horses.

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—President Wilson has sent the following cable to the King of Italy: "May I not say how deeply and sincerely the people of the United States of America rejoice that the soil of Italy has been delivered from their enemies. In their name I send to your Majesty and the great Italian peoples the most enthusiastic congratulations."

BULGARIAN KING FLEES; REPUBLIC PROCLAIMED

Boris Takes Refuge In Vienna After Giving Up Throne

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, November 4.—A message from Berlin states that ex-King Boris of Bulgaria has fled to Vienna and a Bulgarian Republic has been proclaimed.

$22,000 Is Subscribed For Soldiers' Welfare Before Drive Starts

Big Pledges Made By Representatives Of All Nationalities At Mass Meeting

Although the campaign for funds for the Young Men's Christian Association, National Catholic War Council, Jewish Welfare Board and other organisations working troops in the United States, France and Siberia does not start until Monday, over $22,000 was subscribed at the mass meeting in the interest of the campaign held yesterday at the Palace Hotel, of the total $10,000 was pledged by Chinese.

Short, snappy speeches were made by Judge Charles S. Lobingier of the United States Court for China, United States Consul-General Thomas Sammons, Mr. J. Knight, French Commercial Attache, Mme. M. Darre, representing the Catholic Women; Mr. Yang of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs; Mr. Chu Pao-san of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce; Mrs. F. Ascough, representing British Women, and Mr. P. Toledano, who claimed the dual position of an Italian and a Jew.

Mr. B. Atwood Robinson, the presiding officer, was introduced by Consul-General Sammons. Mr. Robinson in turn introduced the other speakers and all lauded the purpose of the campaign and pledged their support to the drive. Consuls-General of all the Allied nations attended and the banquet room was filled. The campaign was given a flying start following the addresses and the explanation of the drive plans by Mr. A. R. Hager.

Mr. Chu Pao-san, President of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, pledged himself to the raising of $5,000; Mrs. E. J. Cornfort, treasurer of St. Monica's Catholic Society; Mr. A. Howard of Messrs. David Sassoon and Company, Messrs. George R. Fitch and B. Atwood Robinson of the Y.M.C.A., did likewise and the other subscriptions came rapidly. Mr. Ellis Kadoorie presented the committee with a check for $1,000; Mr. Wheelock gave $500 and Mr. Sammons announced a gift of Taels 500 from Mrs. Seaman of Poughkeepsie, New York, who is visiting in Shanghai. The Italian Consul-General, Mr. de Rossi, pledged $1,000, Mr. Fu Shiaoen, compradore for Gaston, William and Wigmore, and the representatives of the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications signed for $1,000 each.

The showing made by the Chinese was the feature of the meeting and the success of the campaign is

(Continued on Page 8)

GERMANY MUST AGREE TO PAY INDEMNITY FOR DAMAGES TO CIVILIANS

Includes Compensation For Aggression By Land And Sea And From Air; Reservations Also Made On "Freedom Of Seas;" Foch Authorised to Receive Enemy Delegates

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, November 5, 1918. The Secretary of State made public the following:

Department of State,
November 5, 1918.

Sir: I have the honor to request you to transmit the following communication to the German Government:

In my Note of October 23, 1918, I advised you that the President had transmitted his correspondence with the German authorities to the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, with the suggestion that, if those Governments were disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the Governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as would fully protect the interests of the peoples involved and ensure to the associated governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German Government had agreed, provided they deemed such an armistice possible from the military point of view.

The President is now in receipt of a memorandum of observations by the Allied Governments on this correspondence, which is as follows:

The Allied Governments have given careful consideration to the correspondence which has passed between the President of the United States and the German Government. Subject to the qualifications which follow, they declare their willingness to make peace with the Government of Germany on the terms of peace laid down in the President's address to Congress of January 8, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in subsequent addresses. They must point out, however, that Clause 2 relating to what is usually described as the freedom of the seas, is open to various interpretations, some of which they could not accept. They must therefore reserve to themselves complete freedom on this subject when they enter the peace conference. Further, in the conditions of peace laid down in his address to Congress of January 8, 1918, the President declared that invaded territories must be restored as well as evacuated and freed. The Allied Governments feel that no doubt ought to be allowed to exist as to what this provision implies. By it they understand that compensation will be made by Germany for all damage done to civilian population of the Allies and their property by the aggression of Germany by land, by sea and from the air.

I am instructed by the President to say that he is in agreement with the interpretation set forth in the last paragraph of the memorandum above quoted. I am further instructed by the President to request you to notify the German Government that Marshal Foch has been authorised by the Government of the United States and the Allied Governments to receive properly accredited representatives of the German Government, and to communicate to them terms of an armistice.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) Robert Lansing.

To
Mr. Hans Sulzer,
Minister of Switzerland,
In charge of German interests in the United States.

Germany Is Expected To Accept Allies' Terms

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 5.—The Times Paris correspondent states that the Allies have agreed regarding the armistice conditions. The Allied successes on the French front leave little doubt that they will be accepted by Germany.

Vienna National Council Makes Appeal For Order

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 4.—A telegram from Vienna states that the National Council has issued an appeal dwelling on the fact that the army is breaking up in disorder. The appeal points out that the dangers of widespread unemployment, hunger and misery are likely to ensue, and states that the guards are abandoning prisoners of war camps. It exhorts soldiers voluntarily to join the German-Austrian Corps in order to avert famine and further bloodshed.

A message from Munich states that there is much disquietude in Bavaria over events on the Italian front and Austria. Troops are being posted on the frontier in order to prevent penetration of Bavaria, and burning, plundering, etc.

A despatch from Lemberg states that Ukrainian troops have occupied the town, proclaimed a state of siege, and interned the Statthoider. Business is at a standstill.

Ukrainian and Ruthenian troops invaded Galicia, where fighting occurred with the Poles who were beaten back. Ruthenian troops occupied Przemzyl.

The Ukrainian National Council has announced that it has taken over the administration of Eastern Galicia. The Poles have established a Government at Cracow amid big demonstrations. The Austrian troops capitulated.

The German newspaper Lokal Anzeiger states that the German embassy to Russia has been definitely withdrawn.

Amsterdam, November 4.—A message from Vienna states that the Hungarian Government has held up all German and German-Austrian ships on the Hungarian portion of the Danube, with cargoes consisting of 20,000 tons of foodstuffs.

A message from Budapest states that Karolyi, speaking in the Town Hall, said that the King had consented to release the Government from its oath. The Government and the National Council have unanimously resolved that the Government shall

ascertain without delay whether the Hungarians favored the retention of the Monarchy or the establishment of a Republic.

A later message from Budapest states that Karolyi has resigned the Presidency of the National Council to which Deputy Johann Hock succeeds. The Ministry has taken oaths of allegiance to the National Council.

A message from Prague states that Czech troops are disarming German-Austrian troops in Czech towns in Bohemia and Moravia.

A telegram from Prague states that the German Government has recognised the Independent Czecho-Slovak State and has announced its readiness to welcome a Czecho-Slovak ambassador in Berlin as early as possible.

Amsterdam, November 4.—A message from Vienna states that the Congress of German-Austrian social democrats frantically applauded the announcement of the liberation of Adler, the assassin of Count Stuergkh, former Austrian Premier, and passed a resolution demanding that German-Austria shall be proclaimed a republic and join Germany as an Independent Federal State if the other peoples of Austria separate from German-Austria or establish an unsatisfactory Federation.

AMERICANS IN SIBERIA GO INTO WINTER CAMP

Military Program Set By Washington Has Been Carried Out

(American Service To Reuter)

Vladivostok, November 6.—(Via cable). The military program of the American Government as defined in the statement of August 3 has been successfully carried out. The American Expeditionary force with trains, equipment and sustenance for the winter has been successfully landed in Vladivostok. In conjunction with the Japanese troops and under the command of General Otani, the objects set for the joint expedition have been attained.

The munition dumps which were formerly in danger of shipment to Germany are protected. The organised Austro-German war prisoners have been disarmed. The rear of the Czecho-Slovaks is no longer threatened. All the Central Empire war prisoners east of Lake Baikal now are under Czech, Japanese and American guard.

The American expeditionary force is settling for the winter. There is only a small force in Vladivostok, the larger portion being out on duty guarding the lines of communications, munitions and war prisoners.

ADVANCE BILL MAKING WOMEN ELIGIBLE AS M.P.'S

Commons Passes Second Reading Of Measure Opening Parliament to Feminine Members

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 5.—The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the bill enabling women to become members of the House of Commons, without age qualification.

NAVY MEN FROM CHINA DIE IN SERVICE OF U.S.

Lt. A. C. Roberts, U.S.N., And Naval Aviator Thomas O. Jones Pass Away

Lieutenant A. C. Roberts, U.S.N., formerly attached to the Asiatic Station and well known in Shanghai, died at Jeffrey Hole Hospital, Quebec, September 18, from influenza. Lt. Roberts' home was at 1152 South 52nd Street, Philadelphia.

News of the death of Naval Aviator Thomas O. Jones, formerly Trade Commissioner of the United States for China and Japan, also reached here yesterday. Mr. Jones was killed September 24, when a hydroplane, which he was piloting, fell in Pensacola, Florida Bay.

Hear Motion Saturday In J.I. Ezra Libel Case

Attorneys will argue before the United States Court for China Saturday morning on the petition filed by Mr. Judah I. Ezra for the taking of the deposition of Mr. W. L. Merriman, defendant in the action brought by Mr. Ezra for defamation of character. A short hearing was held before Judge Charles S. Lobingier yesterday morning, Mr. A. D. Gibbs of Manila, for Mr. Ezra, asking that the date for the taking of the deposition be fixed. Mr. Sterling Fessenden, for Mr. Merriman, protested that the statute, under which the petition is brought, does not apply to this jurisdiction.

BAVARIAN PRESS URGES KAISER'S ABDICATION

Leaflets Circulated In Berlin Incite Soldiers To Disobey Commands

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 4.—The Bavarian press of all shades is urging the Kaiser to abdicate. The Tageblatt states that leaflets are being distributed among the population of Berlin, especially soldiers, signed "the Workers' and Soldiers' Council," with the object of inciting soldiers to disobey commands. The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung attributes these Bolshevik activities to the Russian Embassy.

UNITED STATES AT WAR DESCRIBED IN LECTURE

Mr. Graham Barrow Tells Of America's Great Contribution To Beating Germany

Mr. E. P. Graham Barrow gave a talk at the Union Church Hall last night upon his own observations of America in wartime. He confessed to only having been in that country for sixteen days but during that time, thanks to the friendliness of the American, and to the fostering care of Minister Reinsch, he was able to see a good deal of the war activities of that country. He spoke of the wonderful work that was being done all along the Pacific coast in shipbuilding and gave figures and descriptions which called for applause from the audience.

He dealt at some length on the operations at Camp Lewis and of the completeness of the training that the recruit evidently got there. Everything to do with the present war, except the science of aviation, was in evidence there. The chief flying camp that he saw was at California University where the whole of the science staff was then devoting its energies and abilities in teaching the young bird imitators in the theory of the game.

In concluding he spoke of the unpayable debt that the Allies owed to America, in that the democrats of a New World had come into a war which was to redress the grievances of the old and push forward democracy, so that in the near future international jealousies must give way to international co-operation.

The Rev. Darwent in a complimentary speech asked Mr. Robinson to move a vote of thanks, which was well responded to by the assembled audience.

CHOW COMING TO PEKING

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, November 2.—Mr. Chow Shu-mu, to whom the President recently telegraphed asking him to come to Peking to assist in the Government and who is mentioned as probable Minister of the Interior, has telegraphed to the President stating that he was setting out from Shanghai on the 1st instant for Peking, so that he should be here is a day or two.

ADDITIONAL OFFICE FOR SIR AUCKLAND GEDDES

To Be President Of Local Government Board Besides National Service Minister

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 4.—The Press Bureau announces that Sir Auckland Geddes has been appointed President of the Local Government Board, remaining in his present office as Minister of National Service.

Mr. W. Hayes Fisher becomes Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, with a peerage.

U.S. Gives Recognition To Poland's Army

To Treat With It As Autonomous Co-Belligerent Under Committee's Authority

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, November 4.—Mr. Lansing, Secretary of State, announces that the Government of the United States recognises the Polish Army as an autonomous co-belligerent under the supreme authority of the Polish National Committee.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The Polish National Committee has been recognised by the United States Government as an autonomous co-belligerent. Secretary of State Lansing sent a letter to Rounand Mowseki, President of the Polish National Committee, who is now in Washington, notifying him of the recognition.

Northcliffe Gives Ideas On Allies' Peace Terms

Germany Must Be Deprived Of Colonies, He Says Favors League Of Nations

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 4.—The first reasoned exposition hitherto published of the situation with which Europe will shortly be confronted and of some of the problems attendant upon the long transition period from war to peace, thence to the League of Nations, appears in the Times in a three column article signed by Lord Northcliffe.

The article states what the writer believes to be the terms which the Associated Powers will impose upon Germany. These comprise complete territorial and economic restoration of Belgium; reconstruction of invaded French provinces, with compensation for all civilian losses and injuries; the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, not as a territorial acquisition or part of a war indemnity but as reparation for the wrong done in 1871; the re-adjustment of the northern frontier of Italy; the evacuation of all former Russian territory; the annulment of all Russia's treaties concluded with the enemies since the revolution; the formation of a Polish state with access to the sea, and indemnification to Poland by the powers responsible for the havoc wrought in the war; the abrogation of the Treaty of Bukharest; the evacuation and restoration of Servia, Rumania and Montenegro; the removal as far as possible of Turkish rule over non-Turkish peoples; Austria and Germany to replace illegally damaged or destroyed merchant tonnage of the Associated Powers and neutrals; and the appointment of tribunals to try individuals of any of the belligerents who are accused of offences against the rules of war or against humanity.

The final condition stipulates that the ex-German colonies will not be returned to Germany because the latter lost them as the result of the illegal violation of Belgium, which brought Great Britain into the war.

The article continues: "Germany has proclaimed that the fate of her colonies will be decided on the Western front. It has been so decided. She proclaimed the uses to which, if she was victorious, they would be put. Such uses must be prevented in the interests of the peace of the world. The colonies cannot therefore be returned to Germany, but their assignment as possessions or in trusteeship, together with the fashion in which they shall be administered in the interests of their inhabitants and to the world generally, are matters for future decision."

Lord Northcliffe emphasises that the making and completing of the numerous complicated territorial and other adjustments in Europe will be a long and laborious process, representing two distinct stages of evolution; firstly the cessation of hostilities, the business of evacuation and re-occupation and enemy demobilisation and disarmament; and secondly, the actual carrying out of the peace conditions.

The last stage will be nothing less than the reconstruction and reorganisation of the world with a view to the establishment of a League of Nations. Such a gigantic change necessarily will be difficult and slow, but the very steps essential to make it possible will slowly make it actual. For example, there will be a world shortage of food, raw material and transport. The present international machinery regulating these must be continued and can ultimately be extended into a system which will meet with free general acceptance. Then there will be international commissions to fix frontiers, Parliamentary responsibility, canons of international law, rules of international commerce and even laws regarding religious freedom and other such matters.

These activities, the writer thinks, will rid us of the passions and fears of war, and "by mere endeavor to find a way to a better world, we shall bring these better conditions about."

Only Northcliffe's Personal View

London, November 4.—In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Dillon, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the article written by Lord Northcliffe on peace terms expressed the views of Lord Northcliffe, and that the government was in no way responsible for it.

Northerners Losing Control Of Shensi

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, November 2.—Reports from Shensi indicate that the Southern commanders, General Yen Ch'wan and Wang An-lan, have captured Paochihsien. That the Northern hold on Shensi is getting more precarious is indicated by the receipt of a very urgent telegram from the Tuchun of Shensi, General Chen Shu-fan, asking for reinforcements.

BRITISH M. P.'S ELECTION SET FOR DECEMBER 7

Parliamentary Whips Meet To Plan Campaign For First General Ballot In Years

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 4.—It is stated that a meeting of Parliamentary Whips yesterday settled the plans for an official election campaign. It is expected that polling-day will be December 7.

$1 opens a Savings Account.
$100 opens a Checking Account.

HOMELANDS OF SOME OF OUR DEPOSITORS.

America, Australia, Canada, China, England, France, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Scotland, Sweden, Switzerland, Wales.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15 Nanking Road, Shanghai

U.S. Spends Six Billion For War Projects

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The War Department has authorised the construction division to proceed with war projects estimated to cost $6,000,630,000.

SIBERIAN COMFORTS FUND

To All British Subjects and Allies

AN URGENT APPEAL by the Members of the Committee of the Siberian Comforts Fund is made to all British subjects and Allies for subscriptions to provide comforts for the brave soldiers who are fighting in Siberia.

We are sure that a hearty response will be made to this appeal as everyone must feel that it is not only a duty but a privilege to do our utmost in seeing that those, who are fighting so valiantly for us and all we hold dear, shall not want for anything which will, even in the slightest degree, help to make them, during rest from their arduous and self-sacrificing duties, as cheerful and comfortable as possible.

It is hoped that many will make monthly subscriptions.

We would ask you all to remember that the weather in Siberia now is intensely cold and the days short so that recreation has to be indoors.

The following is a list of things which, in addition to subscriptions, will be welcome:

Writing Materials, Inkpots, Games of all kinds, Fountain Pens, Wristlet Watches, Cards, Chess Boards, Dominoes, Draughts, Gramophones and Records (especially records), Books of all sorts, including French Books, Illustrated Papers and Magazines, Cigars, Tobacco, Cigarettes and Pipes.

Subscriptions can be sent to H. H. Fox., Esq., C.M.G., H.B.M. Consulate General.

Books, Illustrated Papers and Magazines can be sent to the Postmaster, British Post Office.

Gifts of things enumerated in the above list can be sent to Mr. H. Browett, 22 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, and any further gifts of clothing can be sent to the Shanghai Chapter of the American Red Cross Society, at No. 18B Kiangse Road, the Chapter having kindly arranged for their packing and dispatch to Vladivostok.

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NORTH SCHLESWIG ASKS SCANDINAVIAN SUPPORT

Provinces Taken By Germany Want Their Ancient Grievance Redressed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, November 4.—The Northern Peace Committee has memoralised the King of Sweden, urging the Scandinavian Governments to support the demand for a satisfactory solution of the North Schleswig question.

Servian Troops Reach Frontier Of Bosnia

Occupy Right Bank Of Danube Capture Vallevo And Continue Advance

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 4.—A French Eastern communique reports:

The Servians are occupying the right bank of the Danube and have captured Vallevo. They are advancing towards Chabatz and have reached the Bosnian frontier west of Khalleve.

Germany Promises To Quit Air Attacks

Will Stop Bombing Allied Cities And Expects Allies To Reciprocate

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, November 5.—(Received by French Wireless Station).—The State Department today made public a note from Germany which notified the United States that since October 1 the air forces of Germany had been under orders to make bomb attacks solely against hostile military objects within the immediate operations of the war on the assumption that the American forces were to receive similar instructions.

German Drive Beaten By British Tenacity, Says Berlin Writer

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 4.—The Berlin correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant attributes the failure of General Ludendorff's great offensive to "the tenacity of the British soldiers, who refused to be panic-stricken by any defeat, and the sang froid of General Foch, who spared his reserves to the utmost. It has often been said, and I am able for special reasons to confirm it, that the resistance of the British on March 27th near Arras caused the failure of the German campaign."

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TO RESTORE VALUE OF DEPRECIATED ROUBLE

Alleged Scheme Of A $5,000,000 Loan From American Capitalists

In a Vladivostok despatch to Japanese papers it is said that with a view to restoring the value of the rouble, the Chinese Eastern Railway Company has contracted with American capitalists a loan of $5,000,000.

The sum mentioned is altogether too modest for the purpose mentioned, remarks the Japan Chronicle, but whether true or not, this is the sort of news which provokes a flutter of excitement among those Japanese who are wont to regard every American move in Siberia and North Manchuria with suspicious eyes. Already we note a certain anonymous person quoted by the Asahi speaking in a rather aggrieved tone about the undertaking above-mentioned, and pointing out that American interests in the railway are very slight as compared with those of Japan. He therefore urges his countrymen to pay the closest attention to all questions regarding railways on the Asiatic continent, as these are destined to have a very important bearing upon the destiny of Japan. Inasmuch as the interests of Japan, China and Russia are equally involved in these questions, the annoyed and anonymous authority quoted urges that these matters should be properly dealt with among the three Powers mainly concerned.

W.C.T.U. Lecture This Afternoon

Rev. Claxton To Speak At Union Church On England's Temperance

The Women's Christian Temperance Union meets this afternoon in the lecture hall of the Union Church. Tea will be served at 3:30 o'clock, the regular meeting being held afterward when the Rev. Arthur Claxton will speak on "England Sobered, Not Dry."

The meeting is open to all and a cordial invitation is extended to all interested to attend.

Earl Roberts' Rest House Funds

Mrs. Clear, 42 Weihaiwei Road, has received the following letter from Mr. H. Halle, chairman of the London committee of the Earl Roberts' Rest House Fund:

"The further splendid contribution you have so kindly sent the Earl Roberts' Rest House of £351-12s-1d., generously subscribed, you write, by the committee of the Shanghai Race Club and others locally interested in our work, has now reached me. It is indeed most kind and generous of all these good friends in Shanghai to help us in this wonderful way to carry on our work; any thanks I can send seem poor and inadequate.

"The work goes on steadily, and I think we get busier each month—last month I see we served over 12,000 meals and our beds, of which we have 50, were full to overflowing every night.

"Since the strict rationing has been enforced the military have taken us over and supply us each week with our food at army canteen prices, and we have to comply with military precision as to amounts. I am exceedingly pleased though to be able to tell you that, in spite of all difficulties and restrictions we are able to give our men full satisfaction and a piping hot dinner of roast beef, two vegetables and Yorkshire pudding, bread and a sweet. It is the greatest privilege to us to be able to contribute in this small way to the comfort of our grand, brave men who are daring and doing everything for the safety of those at home."

From The Chinese Press

The Dutch Legation has denied the report that Chang Hsun was asked to pay $800,000 for his privilege of taking refuge in the Legation during the life of the Mandate for his arrest. The Chinese press published reports recently that General Chang has prayed in a petition to the President to return his property that had been confiscated by the Government in order to meet this liability.

Mr. Wang Chung-kwei, a member of the Kiangsi Assembly, has been seriously wounded as a result of a feud between two factions among the legislative body. The dispute originated from the failure to elect the Vice-speaker. When the "people's faction" urged an immediate election the "official faction" is alleged to have called in a number of loafers and assaulted the members of the "people's faction."

Mr. Liang Chi-chao has consented to come up to Peking. An audience was granted by the President to Generals Ni Shih-chung and Lu Yung-hsian Tuesday.

Mr. Chiang Chung-hsian, the Chinese Minister to Tokio, reports that Mr. Tang Shao-yi and Mr. Chiang Shih-chao, the two Southern emissaries, are leaving Japan for China. The Central Government was asked to send representatives to meet them in Shanghai for the purpose of arriving at a settlement of the internal trouble.

Baron G. Hayashi, the former Japanese Minister, returned to Peking Tuesday.

Luxemburg Opposes Marriage Of Princess To Prince Rupprecht

DUCHESS OF LUXEMBURG.

The Parliament and the populace of Luxemburg are incensed over the announced engagement of Antoinette, sister of the Grand Duchess, and Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, and have appealed to the Duchess to prevent the marriage, according to a report from London. Princess Antoinette is nineteen years old and is thirty years the junior of Crown Prince Rupprecht.

Civil Cases Dismissed In American Court

Two Actions Are Closed By Settlement Outside Of Court

In the United States Court for China yesterday the civil case of Tung Heng-teh vs. The Barkley Co., in which the amount of Tls. 13,000 was involved in connection with a compradore contract, was dismissed by Judge C. S. Lobingier on the petition of the plaintiff that the parties had come to an amicable settlement. Plaintiff was represented by Mr. F. W. Hadley, the defendants being represented by Messrs. Fleming and Davies.

The case of Tseng Soong-ling vs. W. H. Prowett and V. Read, an action relating to a lease, was also dismissed on petition of the plaintiff following amicable settlement outside of court.

U.S. Sailor, Drowned In Harbor, Is Buried

The funeral of Erwin Hertig, sailor from the Standard Oil tanker Astral whose body was found in the Whangpoo last Sunday, was held yesterday.

Hertig, according to information received at the United States Consulate, was 17 years old and was born in San Francisco, which is believed to be his home. He came ashore from the Astral, which was lying at the Standard Oil Installation some two miles down the river, on the night of October 27, the date the ship arrived. Fellow members of the crew stated that he returned to the ship the next night and was seen on board. He was reported missing the following morning when the Astral made ready to proceed to Hankow. The only address found in his effects was that of the Sailors' Union, 59 Clay Street, San Francisco.

For Italian War Funds

A grand variety entertainment arranged by the Circolo Italiano, under the patronage of Consul-General de Rossi, will be given at the Olympic Theater this evening in aid of Italian War funds. The variety program will include songs and instrumental numbers and a special Italian orchestra will be in attendance. Besides this there will be a showing of fine Italian official war films, with scenes dealing with the activities of the navy and showing the character and operation of the various craft which make up the fleets.

Booking is to be had at Moutrie's.

MUNICIPAL STAFF CHANGES

The following changes in the Municipal staff are reported in the Municipal Gazette, as taken from the order books for the week ending November 2.

Police Force.—R. Marussich is appointed Probationary Warder from November 1.

Public Works Department.—Mr. B Hunting, Clerical Assistant, is transferred to be Clerical Assistant in the Fire Brigade, from November 1.

Electricity Department.—Mr. T. H. U. Aldridge, Engineer-in-Chief and Manager, resumed charge of the Department on October 27.

Educational Department.—Long leave is granted, under medical certificate, to Mr. S. Hore, Assistant Master in the Public School for Boys, from November 12.

Revenue Office.—Collector E. Zillig is permitted to terminate his service, under medical certificate, on October 31.

Hold Ceremony Today In Honor Of Tsai Ao

Open Memorial Halls This Morning In Honor Of Republican Hero

Sung Shih, the memorial institution established in honor of the late General Tsai Ao at 135 Route Prosper Paris, will be officially opened this morning at 10 o'clock on the occasion of the anniversary of the death of the noted champion for the Republican cause. The institution includes a memorial temple, a library and a hall known as the Suey Han Shih.

Mary Fitch Memorial

The treasurer of the Door of Hope acknowledges with thanks further donations to the "Mary Fitch Memorial Hospital" Fund, amounting to $142, and Tls. 10 from the following friends: Rev. and Mrs. B. L. Ancell; Mr. and Mrs. Brenneman; Mr. Y. C. Bau; Mrs. Cooper; Mrs. Chambers; Mr. and Mrs. J. Douglas; Dr. Lowrie; Mr. and Mrs. K. S. Lee; G. L.; Dr. and Mrs. Merrins; Mr. R. P. Montgomery; Mr. R. Macgregor; Mr. and Mrs. Rawsthorne.

The sum total so far received for this Fund amounts to $467 and Tls. 10.

Donations may be sent to Dr. Fitch, 18 Peking Road, or to Mrs. A. G. Parrott, Hon. Treas., 31 North Szechuen Road.

American Club To Have Smoker

The General Committee of the American Club will give a smoker tomorrow evening at the Club. A program of interesting numbers is being arranged.

S.S. HYDRA LAUNCHED AT NEW ENGINEERING YARD

The Hydra, new steamer of 2,050 tons deadweight constructed by the New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works, Ltd., was launched yesterday at the shipbuilding yard of the works in the presence of a large number of guests of the company. The ship was built to the order of Messrs. Bruusgaard Klosterud and Co., Drammen, Norway. It has a length of 254 feet, 6 inches and the length between perpendiculars is 242 feet, 6 inches. Its moulded breadth is 37 feet and moulded depth 17 feet.

Mr. H. H. Arnold proposed a toast to Mr. Tollefsen as representing the owners. He said that the construction of the vessel should be considered satisfactory in view of the many difficulties that the company had to overcome. The keel of the vessel, he said, was laid down in February. The materials for the ship were only delivered recently and part of these reached Shanghai as late as August. Even with these handicaps, the works was able to launch it in eight months. The Hydra, he stated, was a sister ship to the Hero, whose trial trip Tuesday attained a speed of 11½ miles, which was above the guaranteed speed. He hoped that the trial run of the Hydra would show similar results.

Mr. Tollefsen, in response, congratulated the company upon the successful completion of the ship and said that when things had assumed their normal aspects in the world, more contracts would be placed with the company.

"Shanghai has every reason to be proud of what has been done in the way of shipbuilding here of late both by foreign and Chinese shipbuilders," said Mr. Tollefsen in part. "It seems to me that when up-to-date plants are secured Shanghai, with its splendid resources and cheap labor, will rank as one of the most attractive shipbuilding ports in the world."

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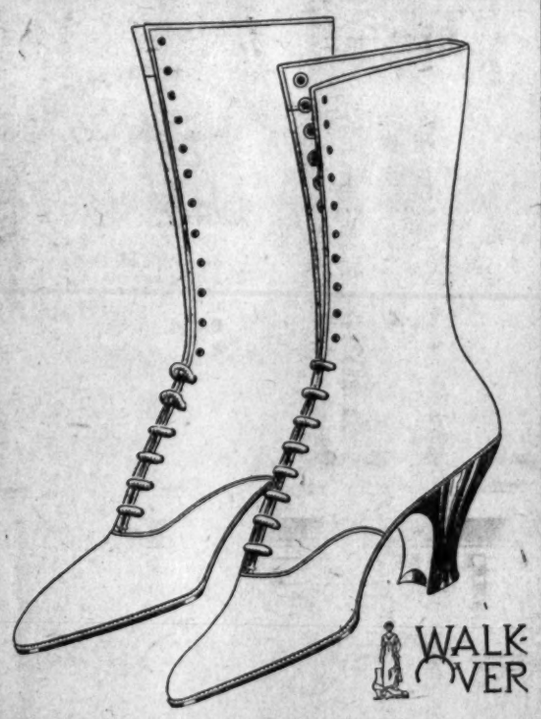

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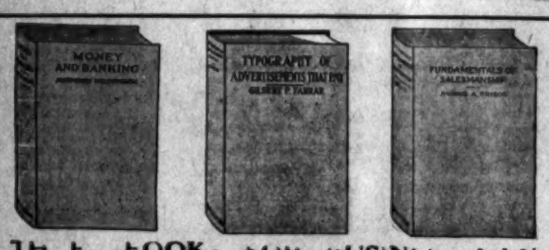

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The Commercial Press, Ltd.
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OUR ADMIRABLE BETTY

Our Admirable Betty. By Jeffery Farnol. With frontispiece. Little, Brown and Co. $1.50 (gold) net.

Mr. Farnol's new book is a tale of powder and patches, of the days when men wore long curling wigs and women swooned and had the vapors. Although the scene is laid throughout in the little village of Westerham in Kent, the novel does not lack echoes from London, only some sixty miles distant, and, though it is a tale of peace, there are rumors of wars past and present, and of the latest Jacobite plot, when more than one gallant youth went riding with Derwentwater to his death. Many fine gentlemen in brocaded coats, with lace ruffles at their wrists and swords at their sides, saunter elegantly through its pages, while the heroine, Lady Elizabeth Carlyon, known far and wide as "Our Admirable Betty," is a beauty and a toast, a lady of highest fashion, and one at whose very pretty feet half, if not all, the beaux of London and Bath are sighing.

The old manor house with its fine spacious rooms and stately stairways, the old orchard "full of ancient trees gnarled and crooked whose writhen boughs sprawled and twisted," the rose garden, the country lane near whose stile more than one event took place, and the inn where the fine gentlemen from London stayed when they came a-wooing "Our Admirable Betty," are all gracefully depicted. The stage, in other words, is charmingly set, the actors one and all beautifully and romantically costumed, the time well chosen; everything is delightfully arranged to display the hero and heroine to the best possible advantage, to give full effectiveness to the situations, and make the drama as interesting as possible. The trappings of the drama are of the best; not so the drama itself. For that drama is of the slightest, its situations are few, and those few so worn as to be practically threadbare, while the hero and heroine are the very same pair who have stalked and danced, loved and fought their way through innumerable romances of this time and type. Indeed, we read the book with a curious feeling of having done so many times before.

The hero, grave, kindly, dignified, chivalrous, and abysmally stupid gentleman, is here called Major John d'Arcy, formerly known as "Fighting d'Arcy." A man of some 42 years of age, he had been a pennil ss soldier all his life, until he unexpectedly inherited the manor house and a fortune. So he left the army, and with his devoted friend and servant, Sergeant Zabedee Tring settled down to a quiet life and the writing of a "History of Fortifications" in no less than ten volumes. The heroine is the Lady Elizabeth Carlyon, black-haired, blue-eyed sweet, willful, high-spirited, quick-witted, a finished coquette 22 years old and, of course, entirely irresistible. And when her Jacobite leanings made it wise for her to leave London, and she came down to the country with her aunt, the Lady Belinda, and a train of servants, to live in the house next door to the Major's own it was, of course, perfectly evident to the very meanest intelligence that his doom was sealed. The opening part of the book, which is decidedly the best, tells how the theft of cherries brought about their meeting, describes the Major's swift rejuvenation, and the coming of the half-dozen suitors who followed my Lady Betty down from London, and shows his ardent though very humble and somewhat hesitant wooing. All this makes a very pretty little love story, conventional, of course, but deftly told and sometimes amusing. Having, however, once brought his heroine safely into the haven of his hero's arms, Mr. Farnol seems to have decided that his book was not yet nearly long enough, and, casting about for a device whereby it might be lengthened chose one so trite, melodramatic and worn that even a "movie" might well balk at it. Moreover, he uses variations of this device not once but several times, until the reader becomes very tired indeed of the Major's spasms of agonised jealousy and the love making with which each concludes. At the end of it all my Lady Betty calls him "a blind, blundering man," which one feels to be a distinctly charitable description.

Sergeant Tring is an amusing character, and there are clever passages here and there throughout the book, but neither in sparkle nor in character drawing does it compare for a moment with "The Definite Object," although Mr. Farnol is unquestionably far more at home and far more convincing when he writes of orchards and rose gardens and ancient manor houses and ladies and gentlemen in satins and brocades than when the tells us about Hell's Kitchen and its inhabitants. This latest novel of his is, in fact, more than a little irritating, because one feels that had he but made a real effort he could certainly have discovered more varying, less "fictiony" incidents, and a fresher, less threadbare plot. He seems, indeed, to have made one or two spasmodic efforts of that kind, but most of the latter part of the book reads as though he had been merely trying to find some sort of an excuse, no matter how poor, to go on writing without taking the pains to weld his material properly together. The smoothness of the style will indeed suffice to hide the cracks from many casual readers, but Mr. Farnol can do very much better work than this. The novel has that touch of artificiality which belongs to the period and is well adapted to this kind of very light and very sugary fiction. Lady Belinda is sketched with some neatness and we are not without sympathy for the embarrassing plight of Mrs. Agatha.

A NATION AT BAY

A Nation at Bay: What an American Woman Saw and Did in Suffering Servia. By Ruth S. Farnam. With thirty illustrations. Indianapolis: The Bobbs-Merrill Company. $1.50 (gold).

In this straightforward, modest volume we are taken closer to the real tragedy of Servia than in anything else that has been written during the war. The author, now a member of the Servian Relief Committee, and who is securing in this, her native country, for the benefit of that organisation, has acted as a nurse in Servia almost continuously from the beginning, and what she tells us of that country and people under the great shadow is from first-hand knowledge. It is a sad tale, all the more pathetic because narrated in a plain, matter-of-fact way, deeply sympathetic, but without any effect to make the situation better or worse than it really is. Mrs. Farnam is an honorary sergeant in the Servian army, and wears several decorations granted for her services in the Red Cross hospitals in that country. She gives an outline of conditions from the very beginning of the war, and some of the dreadful sufferings she has witnessed make the most painful reading. Atrocities by Bulgarians, who maimed and mutilated wounded prisoners, equal anything told of Germans, and shed a light on the Teuton ally under King Ferdinand that will be a revelation to many. She pays a high tribute to the bravery of the Servian people—civilians as well as soldiers—and her admiration of the country that was first in the war which has since embraced most of the civilised world is widespread and sincere. The book is a valuable addition to the records of the war, since it reveals the true inwardness of Servian bravery and sacrifice.

Sergeant Farnam was repeatedly under fire while tending wounded men, but she makes light of her own perils in the enthusiasm with which she describes the fortitude of the people whom she came to regard as her own, sturdy American as she is. The thirty illustrations are mostly from photographs taken by herself. They give intimate views of Servian country life in many instances, with some of wounded soldiers, hospital workers, and other subjects that offered themselves to her camera. The frontispiece is a portrait of the author in her uniform as a sergeant, and shows her as one whom one would pronounce at once as both kindly and efficient. The book is likely to be widely read, as well for the information it contains of a little known country as for the vital interest of its subject matter.

HUNTING THE HUN

Hunting the Hun. By Captain James Belton and Lieutenant E. G. Odell. Illustrated. New York: D. Appleton and Co. $1.50 (gold).

There is a thrill and gripping interest in this vital setting forth of sheer fact by plain soldiers that bids defiance to whatever longing one has for a book about the war in France from the pen of a highly skilled literary artist—at least while one reads it. Not a word is wasted by these two Canadian officers in making appreciable their heroic experiences while bearing the brunt with the Canadian forces in their victorious drives at Vimy Ridge and elsewhere in France. While absorbed in the straightforward, circumstantial description of the drive over Vimy Ridge, you are so spellbound by the sense of the actual that any literary touches might have been obtrusive and marred the effect. You live through the rehearsal of the battle, to which three weeks were devoted on the practice ground with a pattern of white tapes showing the conformation of the German trenches. As the battalion advances in diamond formation, men run ahead to show by flag-waving where the wall of shellfire called barrage is supposed to fall and lift, while low overhead hovers the contact airplane over the side of whose fuselage leans the observer tooting in dots and dashes on a Klaxton horn his reports to headquarters of the successes made. The reader has a novel mental experience, likewise, through the swift, silent night march as, in Indian file, they thread the mazes of the Aux Reits ingoing communication trench, and steal on into the rainy darkness of No Man's Land, there to dig themselves in at their jumping-off trench and wait on tenterhooks until the zero-hour, when they begin the onset that drives the blond beasts from the Ridge. Later comes the dramatic story of how Captain Belton detected and seized a German spy in his own company, after years of unsuspecting acquaintance with him in Canada, thus foiling at the eleventh hour a plot that would have broken the Canadian line. Also, among other thrilling incidents is the duel in the air in which Captain Ball felled the German ace, Captain Immelmann, while the two hostile armies stood at gaze, withholding their fire, even until Captain Ball had dropped a wreath of flowers on the spot where Immelmann's comrades were lifting his charred and mangled remains.

Though this book is written by Canadian authors, from the Canadian and British point of view, it will appeal to a large reading public in this country, including prospective recruits, to whom is readably given much practical advice.

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London: Sea Wolf
London: Call of the Wild
London: Burning Daylight
London: John Barleycorn
London: A Son of the Sun
London: White Fang
Locke: The Morals of Marcus
Locke: Idols Mars
Locke: The Fortunate Youth
McGrath: Man on the Box
Mevnichon: Graustark
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Porter: Freckles
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White: Gold
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Wilson: Bunker Bean
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Hichens: Garden of Allah
Connor: Glengarry School Days
Connor: The Foreigner
Connor: The Doctor
Connor: Corporal Cameron
Connor: The Prospector
Stevenson: Treasure Island
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Wister: The Virginian
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PERUVIANS IN JAPAN TO STUDY THE MILITARY

Five Officers Sent By Government Arrived On Siberia Maru

Tokio, October 25.—That Peru has caught the militaristic fever is indicated by the arrival Oct. 24 on the Siberia Maru of five army officers sent by the Peruvian Government on a special mission to Japan. They are especially interested in the military maneuvers which will take place here next year, and they will remain a year investigating as much of the Japanese military system as possible.

The war has had little effect on Peru, according to these officers, except to quicken the interest in militarism, the need for which, they seem to think, will be increased rather than diminished at the close of this war. Their reason for making Japan their objective are two: The very high opinion which exists in Peru of the Japanese military system, and the fact that Japan is the only belligerant country whose war activities do not make it impossible to pursue their purpose.

The head of the party is Colonel Ballesteros; with him are Major Gonzalez, Major Santisteban, Lieut.-Col. Martinez, and Lieut.-Col. Lisson.

Great Struggle On Whole Front

(Continued from Page 1)

ed the western face of the Foret-de-Normal. Infantry, assisted by tanks, drove the enemy from the western outskirts of the forest and captured Soyeres, Preux-au-Bois, Hecq, Futoy and Louvignies. The 25th Division forced the crossings of the Sambre canal opposite Landrecies, which we captured. Further north the 18th and 50th Divisions penetrated the forest and are still advancing.

The 38th Division reached Les Grandes Patures while the 17th Division captured Locquignot in the center of the forest. Severe fighting took place at Le Quesnoy where New Zealand troops repulsed a strong counter-attack, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy. We passed north and south of this fortified town and are now several miles eastward of it. We drove the enemy out of his new positions on the Aunelle river. Guards captured Preux-au-Sart, the 24th Division captured Wargnies-le-Petit, Wargnies-le-Grand, and Canadian troops progressed on the right bank of the Scheldt and passed beyond Estreux and Onnaing.

Our advance continues on the whole battlefront.

Belgians Clear Up Positions

A Belgian communique reports:

Our troops have completed the task of driving back the enemy beyond the Ghent-Teengeuzen canal. The Germans now hold only a few machine-gun nests on the west bank of the canal.

We have reached the western, northern and southern outskirts of Ghent. Our line follows the western bank of the Scheldt from Zwynairds northwards.

Le Quesnoy Falls

London, November 5.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's Tuesday morning communique reports:

Yesterday afternoon we completely surrounded and captured the walled town of Le Quesnoy, taking over 1,000 prisoners. The 37th and 62nd Divisions had hard fighting southward and northward of Le Quesnoy and took many prisoners. These divisions, after overcoming strong resistance at the outset about Louvignies and Orainval, pushed forward rapidly on the flank of the New Zealand troops eastward of Le Quesnoy, advancing with them a depth of ½ mile and occupying the villages of Jolimetz, Le Rond Quesne, Frasnoy and Le-Petit-Marais. We made further progress in the evening in Mormal Forest and eastward of Valenciennes, capturing the village of Eth.

French Co-operate In Attack

Paris, November 4.—The French Monday afternoon communique reports:

North of the Serre a French reconnaissance penetrated Parguy-les-Bois and brought back a hundred prisoners. Enemy artillery and machine-gun activity was maintained throughout the night on the whole of the Aisne front between Rethel and Semuy.

During October in the incessant fighting in which our 1st Army was engaged on the Oise front it took 10,387 prisoners, including 204 officers, 113 guns, over 1,500 machine-guns and a considerable quantity of material.

The French Monday evening communique reports:

The French 1st Army this morning attacked in conjunction with the British on the Sambre-Oise canal between the Oise and Vadencourt. Notwithstanding the difficulties of crossing the canal and the very stiff enemy resistance, we everywhere forced the crossings and gained a footing on the heights on the eastern bank. We reached the outskirts of the villages of Boue, La Cautette, La Neuville, Les Dorengt and Iron and passed Les Quelles, realising a maximum advance of three kilometers. We captured over 3,000 prisoners and fifteen guns.

We have completed the occupation of the south bank of the Ardennes canal between Semuy and Le Chesne. The enemy is resisting vigorously on the northern bank. Since November 1 fifty-three guns have been captured in this region.

First American Army Advances On Whole Line

London, November 4.—An American communique reports:

The 1st Army continued to advance on the entire front between the Meuse and Bar. On the extreme right we drove the enemy into the valley of the Meuse, fought through the forest of Dieulet and occupied La Neuville opposite an important crossing of the Meuse near Stenay. We have seized the Beaumont-Stenay road and the heights overlooking Beaumont. On the left we reached Grandes Armoises notwithstanding the enemy's vigorous opposition. The enemy abandoned much material.

145 aeroplanes bombed the crowded enemy traffic in Montmedy. We destroyed thirty enemy aeroplanes. Seven American machines are missing.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters reports:

General Debeney's Army attacked this morning on the line of the Sambre-Oise canal. Fresh troops crossed the canal on a front of eight miles from Grand Verly northwards and had secured the eastern bank by midday notwithstanding the enemy's desperate resistance, advancing their line to the north of Guise, which is now menaced. 1,500 prisoners have been counted up to the present, including some from the best German divisions, proving that the enemy is desperately endeavoring to hold his ground.

ALLIED AIR RAID KILLS 27

London, November 4.—A German official communique reports:

Twenty-seven persons were killed and thirty-five injured as the result of an aerial attack on Bonn.

Shanghai Races—Autumn Training

Wednesday, November 6.

Pony.	Rider	¼ mile	½ mile	¾ mile	1 mile	1¼ miles	1½ miles	1¾ miles	2 miles		Last quarter.
Castlefield	RFS	41	1.16.1	1.50	2.24.3		...	...	...		34.3
Richmond	RMD	44	1.21.1	1.55.2	2.28.1		...	...	...		32.4
Black Diamond	JJ	38.3	1.19.2	1.57	2.32.3	3.06	...	...	...		33.2
Beaconsfield	RFS	36.3	1.09.1	1.40.4	2.16.4		...	...	...		36
Jomsborg	WGC	41	1.17.2	1.51.2	2.24.4		...	...	...		33.2
Castlewood	boy	42	1.16.2	1.52.1	2.25.4		...	...	...		33.3
Wakefield	RFS	33.2	1.07	1.41.4			...	...	...		34.4
Briggins	RMD	36.2	1.11.4	1.45	2.19		...	...	...		34
Night Hawk	JJ	35	1.08.3	1.41.4	2.15.2		...	...	...		33.3
Western Star	EUR	41.4	1.18	1.51.2	2.23.4	(last mile whole time 3.05.4)			...		32.2
Dun Duke	boy	43	1.23.2	2.02	2.37.2	3.11.1	...	...	...	(sub)	33.4
Scala	WGC	40.4	1.21	1.58	2.32.4	3.07	...	...	...	(sub)	34.1
Highflyer	boy	38	1.14	1.48.1	2.21.2	2.54.4	...	...	...		33.2
Blazon	GW	35.4	—	1.45.4	2.20.2		...	...	...		34.3
Black Jack	JJ	37	1.12.1	1.46.1	2.19		...	...	...		32.4
After Dark	boy						...	...	...		32.4
Homefield	RFS	33.2	1.06.2	1.41.4			...	...	...		35.2
Kronborg	WGC	38.1	1.15.4	1.54.1	2.29.4	3.06	3.40.3	...	...		34.3
Colinton	CRB	35.2	1.12.1	1.48.3	2.21.3	2.55.3	...	...	...		34
Anam	boy	36	1.10	1.44.3			...	...	...	(sub)	34.3
Tujoh	boy			1.45.3			...	...	...	(sub)	35.3
Haslemere	ESBR	36.4	1.14.3	1.52.2	2.28	3.01.1	...	...	...		33.1
La Vesle	boy	41	1.19	1.50.4	2.22.2		...	...	...		31.3
Westende	DS				2.26.2		...	...	...		35.3
Domino	JJ	36.1	1.11.3	1.45.4	2.20.3		...	...	...		34.4
White Bay	boy	38.2	1.12	1.58.4	2.30	3.03.3	...	...	...	(sub)	33.3
Wild Night	CRB	37.1	1.11.3	1.44.2			...	...	...		33.1
Salamander	EUR	41	1.20.2	1.56	2.28.3	3.02	...	...	...		33.2
Rhim	boy	35.2	1.09	1.42.3			...	...	...	(sub)	33.3
Standard Dahlia	boy	42.1	1.26	2.07	2.46.2	3.19.3	...	...	...		33.1
Nigger Minstrel	boy	39	1.10.2	1.52.1	2.23.2		...	...	...		31.1
Liberty Bond	boy	39.2	1.16.2	1.50.3	2.25		...	...	...	(sub)	34.2
Majuba	HSH				2.25		...	...	...		34.2
Jew's Harp	JJ			1.49	2.22		...	...	...	(sub)	33
Battersea	RMD	39	1.19.3	1.55.3	2.29.1		...	...	...	(sub)	33.3
Trooper	WGC	38.4	1.14.1	1.48.2			...	...	...	(sub)	34.1
Bydand	GW	40.3	1.19.3	1.55.3	2.28.2		...	...	...		32.4
Grey Goose	boy	—	1.17.4	1.53	2.23.1		...	...	...		30.1
Four Spot	boy	40.3	1.19	1.54.3		(last ¾ of 1¼)			...	(sub)	35.2
Gloom	JJ	36.4	1.12	1.46			...	...	...	(sub)	34
Revenge	boy	40	1.22.3	2.03	2.40	3.11.2	...	...	...		31.2
Daybreak Dahlia	boy	38.4	1.15	1.49	2.22.3		...	...	...		33.3

All on the sand.

Sports Correspondence

A Plea For Chinese Football Players

Sports Editor, THE CHINA PRESS.

Dear Sir.—May I express my wholehearted support of the petition made by Mr. A. H. Leslie, under the above heading, which appeared in your valuable columns.

We hear so much of the desire on the part of foreign merchants to come to a better understanding with and Chinese business patrons that it is questionable what the general Chinese opinion will be if they find that "social distinctions" exist even on the sporting fields. If the authorities are adamant on the question of non-admittance of Chinese to the Race Course, by all means give them the right to enter the League Competitions as, undoubtedly, the foreign teams would not mind visiting the schools' grounds where they would certainly meet with a cordial welcome, as the generosity of the schools to visiting teams is proverbial.

I personally know that if the Football Association agree to extend the privilege of the league to Nanyang College and St. John's University, it it will be a source of gratification to a large circle of sympathisers. I am, dear Sir, Yours faithfully,

A. SUPPORTER.

MONOCLED NEGRO TAKES GERMAN MAJOR CAPTIVE

Paris, September 17. (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—During the recent American advance out of Chateau-Thierry, a Red Cross captain was looking about for suitable hospital sites when he met an American negro soldier marching along towards Chateau-Thierry, following closely behind a German major. The negro had transferred his pack from his own back to the back of the German officer, and had also transferred the German major's monocle to his own eye. Thus equipped, the black warrior was parading triumphantly down the road. As he passed the Red Cross captain he called out:

"I say, look here what this nigger done got!"

Obituary

Countess Of Meath

Reuter's Service

London, November 5.—The death is announced of the Countess of Meath.

THE CALCUTTA RIOTS

The British Consulate-General has sent to THE CHINA PRESS the following statement to correct certain wrong impressions concerning the so-called Calcutta riots:

Certain references having appeared in the local press to disturbances in Calcutta in the month of September, to which quite incorrectly a revolutionary character was attributed, it is deemed advisable to make public the true facts which are as follows:

Certain writings in a Hindu paper, the Indian Daily News, contained matter highly offensive to the Mahomedan community, and as a result the Calcutta Mahomedans began to hold meetings at which very objectionable and violent speeches were delivered. In addition to this, leaflets couched in inflammatory language were circulated in Calcutta calling upon the Mahomedans to attend a mass meeting with a view to bringing their grievances to the notice of the Government. In view of the fact that important Hindu and Mahomedan religious festivals, at which racial feeling frequently runs very high, were due to be celebrated during the next few weeks, the Government of Bengal decided to prohibit the holding of the mass meeting, as they were satisfied that it would be used to work up and embitter Mahomedan feeling against the Hindus. Lord Rondalshay, the Governor of Bengal, received a deputation of the leading Mahomedans and explained to them that there was no intention of denying the right of the Mahomedans to hold public meetings; but the present time was considered unsuitable to hold such a meeting as was proposed. He further explained that his Government had taken legal opinion with regard to the offending passages in the Indian Daily News but had been advised that the matter was not actionable. His Government had nevertheless pointed out to that paper that the article had given deep offence, with the result that the Indian Daily News duly published an expression of apology for having given pain to the Mahomedan community.

The riots arose out of the determination of certain of the lower elements among the Mahomedans to hold the meeting in defiance of the Government prohibition. There were several collisions between them and the police and also between them and the military who were called out when the situation began to get out of hand, but in the course of a few days complete tranquillity was restored. What added considerably to the extent and duration of the riots was the looting that was indulged in by the bad characters and rowdies of the town. Those classes, of course, cared nothing for the rights or wrongs of the quarrel and, as usual, were out merely to grab what they could during a temporary relaxation of Government authority. It was, however, a matter of a very few days before public confidence was restored and business was proceeding as usual.

MERCHANT MARINE CHANGES

The following changes in the Merchant Marine Service took place during the week:

China Merchants Steam Navigation Company—third officer of the Kiangwah, Mr. C. Lined, transfered to the Kiangyu; third officer of the Kiangtung, Mr. James Downey, to the Kiangteen; third engineer of the Kiangyu, Mr. J. K. Karkle, to the Kiangwah; Mr. L. Mclarm, appointed second officer of the Kiangyu and Mr. I. Roberts appointed third engineer of the Hsinfung.

WHAT MANLINESS MEANS

Study the Condition of the Nerves

However we may admire courage, it is certain that very often bodily health has much to do with it. A man whose nerves are shattered by illness or the impoverishment of his blood cannot be blamed if he does not show the same bravery as one brimming over with full-blooded health. He deserves sympathy, not blame. His sufferings are greater than his fault.

Steady, well-toned nerves are a matter of health, and to have nerves in this state saves great suffering—of mind as well as body. The man who is startled by any sudden noise, is irritable in temper, easily alarmed, often tormented by headache and neuralgia, requires a nerve tonic that will feed his blood. Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people have often restored mere nervous wrecks to calm, stalwart manhood. If your nerves are not all they should be if you find yourself ill with anxiety, unable to sleep through dwelling upon business troubles or your ailments, if you feel weak and shaky, take prompt measures and obtain Dr. Williams' pink pills. Dealers everywhere sell them, also, post free, one bottle for $1.50, six for $8.00, from the China offices of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

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WEATHER

Cloudy but gradually improving weather with fresh northerly breezes along the coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 7, 1918

The Liberation Of Austria-Hungary

ALTHOUGH, on the face of it, the caption placed at the head of this article may seem a contradiction in terms, nevertheless the surrender of Austria-Hungary also means the the liberation of that dual state—deliverance from the long and painful yoke of Germany. Next to Turkey in Europe, Austria-Hungary has been the classic anachronism of history. The world has been treated to the singular spectacle of a combination of peoples inspired by democratic ideals and aspirations and the spirit of civilised progressiveness being formed into a polyglot nation and obliged by sheer force to owe allegiance to an Emperor for whom they never bore any love and toward whom they have never felt any loyalty, for the simple reason that the respective ideals animating them and those who have ruled Austria-Hungary until the eve of the Dual Monarchy's surrender have been as wide apart as the two poles.

Elsewhere on this page there is reproduced a political map of Austria-Hungary which is an instructive object-lesson in the system of oppressed nationalities which alone has rendered it possible for the German and Austro-Hungarian autocracies to thrive in Europe as long as they have done. Looking back at the history of Central Europe for the last half-century, it seems amazing that the Germanic element in Austria-Hungary, which consists only of about one-fifth of the total Austro-Hungarian population, should have been able to stifle, subdue and harness to its will a dozen peoples who have been denied development along lines of nationality but for whom happily the era of freedom has dawned at last.

The United States of America is fated to play a leading role in the fashioning of a new civilisation in the area that has been known as Austria-Hungary. Already, the Italian, French, British and American soldiers are hammering out a new destiny for those peoples who have been trodden down under the heel of misrule and oppression. But they are going to rise to greatness and their future progress is going to be unhampered by a jealous autocracy, for autocracy will have become a mere memory before the world has aged many more years.

The task of creating a new system of civilisation in Austria-Hungary, which name is soon destined to disappear from the map of Europe, will be simplified by the fact that whatever conflict of views might divide the peoples who have hitherto constituted Austria-Hungary, they are one and all animated by the spirit moving the Allies, and each one of these peoples shows a justifiable resentment if he is mistaken for a German.

The following political statistics taken from the *Literary Digest* relative to the various nationalities constituting what has been known as Austria-Hungary show how little of the Teutonic element has existed in this hitherto German-dominated Dual Monarchy:

To the average American an Austrian is an Austrian, pure and simple, and in the word Austrian is implied that he is German or Germanic. Nothing could be further from the truth. The majority of Austrian-born persons in the United States speak no German or speak it very imperfectly, have no German sympathies, and often are bitterly opposed not only to the German Government but also to the Austro-Hungarian Government. Language is often the only index to a classification of the oppressed nationalities born in Austria.

Austrians who are Italian-speaking come from the borderland at the head of the Adriatic and will usually be pro-Ally. The present war of Italy against Austria is an extension of the nineteenth-century struggle for freedom by Italian-speaking and Italian-thinking people (*"Italia irredenta,"* the unredeemed part of Italy) from the rule of the Hapsburg autocracy.

Slovenes, Croatians, Servians—Austrians who speak Slovenian, or Croatian, or Servian come from the disaffected southern provinces of Austria-Hungary, which are just now seething in half-suppressed revolt against oppression of the Central Powers. Their people and the Italians have buried their old animosities and are now struggling together for the liberation of the Jugo-Slav (which means South-Slav) or the Servian-Croatian-Slovenian districts of Austria. This class of Austrian is proving himself a loyal and an enthusiastic soldier in the American and Allied armies who will take hardships well and fight vigorously.

Poles—The Polish-speaking Austrians come from Galicia, in the northeast of Austria-Hungary, on the Russian side of the Karpathians. They dislike the Hungarians or Magyars and do not love the Germans overmuch. The Poles have an enviable record as soldiers of freedom; from Sobieski to Kosciusko they have fought without selfish aims, in defense of liberty. The success of Paderewski in America in raising the Polish legion to fight on the French front indicates to what extent the Poles support the Allied cause.

Czecho-Slovaks—The Bohemians also are classed as Austrians. A full-blooded Czech, i.e., Bohemian, who is very apt to be a fully naturalised American citizen with a good command of English, shows a justifiable resentment if he is mistaken for a German. During the war thousands and thousands of Czechs have deserted from the Central Powers in order to fight for the Allies. The same is true of the Slovaks, who lie east of Bohemia, and are closely related to the Czechs in language and character. The success of the Czecho-Slovaks in holding vast stretches of the Trans-Siberian railroad is one of the spectacular events of the war. On the Italian fronts a Czecho-Slovak division is on the firing-line against the Austrians.

Ruthenians—There are also Austrians who speak the language of the Russian Ukraine. They are Ruthenians and come from Galicia, like the Poles, with whom they are not on friendly terms. Their affections are divided, but are certainly not German, and not Hungarian. Their first desire is for local autonomy.

Rumanians—Occasionally among soldiers, as with our home community, there are Rumanian-speaking Austrians from Transylvania. They are strongly anti-Magyar, as Hungarians have treated these people badly.

Magyars—Although there have recently been considerable unrest and discontent among the working classes in Hungary, the Magyar, or Hungarian, is for local reasons hostile to the Allies. He does not love the Teuton, but depends upon Alliance with him to keep the other subject races in control. The Magyar language is not Teutonic, but is akin to Finnish and Turkish.

Germans—The Germans in Austria-Hungary, who are found mainly in Austria proper (the old "Oestrich," or "East Kingdom"), are only about one-fifth of the total Austro-Hungarian population, and are of course anti-Ally.

Few Americans realise the range of national ideals and animosities that are lumped together under the word "Austrian." The Government is sparing no efforts to place before the alien born, both at home and in the army, the universal aspect of the struggle upon which we are engaged, which affects not only the fate of the greater Allies, but of all democratic peoples of the world, and of these peoples to whom democracy is still a dream and a desire, such as the Poles, the Czecho-Slovaks, and the Southern Slavs. When they can see clearly the issues involved we find some of our most loyal and determined citizens and soldiers among these submerged and oppressed nationalities, whose liberation is one of the declared objects of the Allied cause.

Racial Divisions Of Austria-Hungary

(For explanation see today's Editorial)

Correspondence

That New Magazine

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS.

Dear Sir: THE CHINA PRESS of October 23, ran the following news item:

"Tokio, October 21.—The New East, a magazine started in 1917 by British interests, announces that it will cease publication with the December number owing to lack of financial support.

"American interests, however, announce that it will be replaced by a powerful magazine representing American and Japanese interests which will not neglect the British Allies in the Far East. The new magazine is promoted by Mr. Benjamin Fleisher and a number of bankers. It is known that only 30,000 shares will be offered to the public and the Directors announce that these have been oversubscribed twenty-five times."

I wish to say that the story as published is entirely false. I am preparing to publish an economic and financial magazine which will cover the Far East. It has no connection with the magazine called The New East. It does not represent American and Japanese interests. There have been no shares issued and there are no directors; therefore, there is no over-subscription. The whole thing is false, and I ask you to make immediate correction.

The new publication is not receiving support from any outside interests whatsoever. It is purely an enterprise of my own as is also The Japan Advertiser. There are no partners; and no subsidies from any quarter whatsoever, either in the United States, Japan or elsewhere.

The policy which the publication will stand for will be constructive—to build up foreign trade and to disseminate correct and independent information regarding financial and economic conditions in this part of the world.

Dr. Walter Williams, President of the International Congress of Journalists and Dean of the School of Journalism, University of Missouri, will be the editor of the new publication. Dr. Walter Williams is one of the best-known journalists in the United States and stands for the highest ideals. Mr. Roderick Matheson, editor of the Commercial-Pacific Advertiser of Honolulu, will be assistant editor, and Mr. Roderick C. Penfield formerly managing editor of Harper's Weekly and formerly associated with many other publications will be general manager.

Let us hope that with the termination of the war will also come the termination of propaganda and the subsidised and directly and indirectly influenced press agencies and the press camouflage. The only kind of a publication which should be able to exist is one which gains the confidence of its readers because of its independence and impartiality and a constructive policy.

Very truly yours,
B. W. FLEISHER.

Tokio, October 30, 1918.

Note: The item referred to was a Reuter's telegram from Japan. Even if true it was not worth cabling.

Waiting

"Are you going away for the Summer?" "No," replied Mr. Cumrox. "Somebody's got to stay home. A load of coal I ordered three months ago might drive up to the house any day."

A Soldier's Graphic Story

The following remarkable account of the fighting between the Marne and the Vesle, from the point of view of the First Regular Division, is from Lieutenant Blake Cooley in a letter dated August 1, to his mother, Mrs. Charles A. Cooley, of Boston:

"Dearest Mother:—I believe I last wrote you that I found the division en repos when I returned from gas school. Well, we were just getting settled and enjoying life when along comes an order to move to the front. We expected to be put in to stop the boche drive that was progressing at the time. We marched from before sunset to long after sunrise each night for four nights. From twelve to fourteen hours in the saddle out of every twenty-four. We would halt ten minutes every hour, and while one halt would bring us upon the doorstep of some marvelous chateau, where we would beg for a glass of milk or an egg, the next stop would be out in the middle of some great forest where we would eat Y.M.C.A. cookies; the next stop [illegible] park of some great black c[illegible] took two hours for this regiment alone to pass through a small town.

+ + +

"By the fourth night men and horses were about all in from lack of food and sleep. I went to sleep many times while the old cheval plodded along through the black night. Halfway to the intended front we received orders to proceed to another front, for what we supposed an attack—which it turned out to be. The last day we went up within a few miles of the front on trucks—guns and all. Then came the news that our division was to attack on the third following morning. Everybody was just about down and out, but this news picked up the morale considerably. The attack was to be on a twenty-mile front, and we were to go as far as possible considering those on our right and left. Our division was considered the 'shock division' of the A. E. F., and we considered our important sector in the line a great honor. For the next three nights the roads for miles back were crammed to the gutters with men, horses, guns, tanks and trucks. Then the 'zero day' approached with the 'H' hour at 4:45 in the morning.

"I was sent up to Brigade the night before to synchronise watches for the regiment for the opening barrage. Our headquarters were in a great chalk cave, hundreds of years old and very damp, but made comfortable by the French who had just left. I got back here from Brigade a little after midnight. It was a very weird sight in the candle-light which reflected brilliantly from the white walls and a ceiling as high as our house. Breathless messengers were tearing in and out by motorcycle, horse or foot. Worried, tired, hungry officers were whispering code messages over the 'phones, or scowling over a riot of maps, or walking about in circles eating cigarettes.

+ + +

"You see this great offensive had been planned in three days, and it was coming off in a few hours. It was the A. E. F.'s first real attack and, although our whole division of 20,000 men only occupied a kilometer of front, we were an important cog in the great Allied wheel. The greatest worry was 'Does the Hun know what is coming off?' 'Is he prepared to meet it?' or 'Is it a complete surprise?' Daylight broke very peacefully around 4 a.m. The last five minutes before 'H hour,' the telephones ceased to buzz, no one even whispered, just sat smoking away and looking at their watches often. One minutes to go, and no boche activity—we think it will be a surprise, ten seconds to go—we are sure of it. Two seconds to go, we know damn well it is a surprise. Bang! Wow! Every one of our guns with those reaching ten miles on either side of us let loose simultaneously. From 12-in. to 3-in. and hub to hub. Was there ever such an uproar?

"The whole world rocked and swirled! At the same time 'over the top' went our infantry in company with great tanks twenty yards apart, just behind this terrific artillery barrage that slowly advanced over the Hun trenches. The colonel and I went up a great hill behind the cave and had a magnificent view of the whole battlefield. A heavy mist hung in the valley below us, and together with great clouds of smoke spoiled our view at times. But we could quite plainly see our first wave of infantry making good progress through only a half-hearted boche barrage.

+ + +

"We 'phoned for horses, and in a short while the colonel, the adjutant and I were galloping madly into the valley below bound for Heineland. You see when the infantry has advanced so far it is necessary to bring up the artillery directly in their rear to support their advance, or check a counter-attack. The battle was going well in our favor, and our job was to select a battery position for the regiment before the infantry reached its first objective. The colonel had a wonderful jumping horse, but the adjutant and I had good horses without quite so much jump. As a result the colonel always led us by a hundred yards at least. We galloped two miles into Heineland, full tilt over trenches, barbed wire, telephone wire, etc. We started just ahead of the second wave of infantry and did not quite catch the first wave before we reached a favorite battery position.

"It was the most wonderful two hours of my life, although it did not seem to last five minutes. The Hun was shelling quite a bit, but there was nothing to fear from the Huns that we actually came in contact with, as they were either dead, wounded, or driven crazy by shell fire. We didn't feel safe unless we were galloping every second—it gave us a false sense of security from shell fire and machine-gun fire. Only once did we stop, and that was to rush a dug-out that appeared to be full of Huns but turned out to be one of our dressing stations.

+ + +

"Planes flew only a few feet from the ground and machine-gunned our men at 150 miles an hour, and our planes routed the fleeting boche in the same way. Our great tanks poured a terrific fire into the machine-gun nests and piled the Hun in heaps. The machine-gunners almost all died at their guns, but the boche infantry either gave up immediately or fled. The battery commanders came thundering up presently, and after assigning them their respective positions we all rode back to bring up the guns. In a short while the whole regiment galloped up into position and resumed fire. Later on that afternoon we advanced the battery positions a few more kilometers. As we could not maintain any telephonic communication between the regiment and brigade, the colonel used me as liaison agent—so from morning until sundown when the battle subsided somewhat I galloped, galloped, galloped. My horse was shot, and I wore out four others in the course of the day.

"I shall never forget that battlefield. Miles of broken-down wheat, riddled with shell holes and covered with blood, smashed aeroplanes, burning tanks, dead horses, equipment of all sorts, thousands of gray-clad Huns, some still alive though severely wounded who died in the night, and most terrible of all the bodies of many of our men. The ambulances couldn't work fast enough through the day, which resulted in intense suffering and many deaths that night. Our advance by nightfall was about eight kilometers, and our headquarters was in a boche trench that we had cleared up enough to lay in for the night. The next morning we attacked at dawn again and the next, next, etc., for five successive days, each day advancing our lines a few kilometers.

+ + +

"The next to the last day of the attack our headquarters were in a shell hole a few hundred yards in advance of our batteries. The boche held the heights to the north and could see us very plainly and as a result, when his guns weren't too busy elsewhere, they were trained on us as we were too much exposed, and had no overhead cover. We didn't intend to give it up, as it commanded an excellent view of all the surrounding flat country that comprised the battlefield. It was rather uncomfortable living three days in two shell holes with six people under constant shelling, with nothing to eat but Y.M.C.A. cookies, and not room enough to stretch out straight.

"I was relieved of considerable of the monotony by chasing about with the caissons bringing up ammunition from the dumps to the batteries. This was rather difficult too, as the batteries were under direct observation and fire of the enemy, but most anything was better than sitting in that hole and thinking how hungry and thirsty you were. I really only had one meal in six days, but existed on chocolate and cookies—sometimes. At the end of six days the blessed relief came in a British division. In all we had gone about 16 kilometers into the Hun, captured 3,500 prisoners and 100 guns. Not bad for a bunch of greenhorns! What is more, we advanced farther in that time than any other one division of the Allies.

"It had been a most wonderful experience and I wouldn't have missed it for a farm, but I admit I was glad to come out with the artillery two days after our infantry had been relieved by the British. This British division had some of the best shock troops in the British Army to relieve us, and an officer told me afterwards that the first morning they relieved us was the worst the regiment had seen in the war, so that gives you an idea of what was going on.

+ + + +

"I had a chance to get millions of boche souvenirs, but couldn't carry them in any way. I have a prayer-book of a boche officer in my pocket, and a few buttons from the coat of what was once a haughty Prussian, but that is all I had room for.

"The guns we captured will probably be sent to the States. They are marked 'Captured by 1st Division.' I hope you will see them.

"When we came out we had a pleasant two-day train trip to where we are now in rest once more. A rest we can well appreciate after no sleep and practically nothing to eat for a week—this is bliss. I cabled you that I had not written in weeks. Very busy. Very well. I am not busy now, but I am feeling very fit as I washed off my bugs in the river this morning. We are getting plenty of sleep now and chicken dinners every night, so I am getting back a little lost weight. This rest is promised to be a long one.

"Love,
"Blake."

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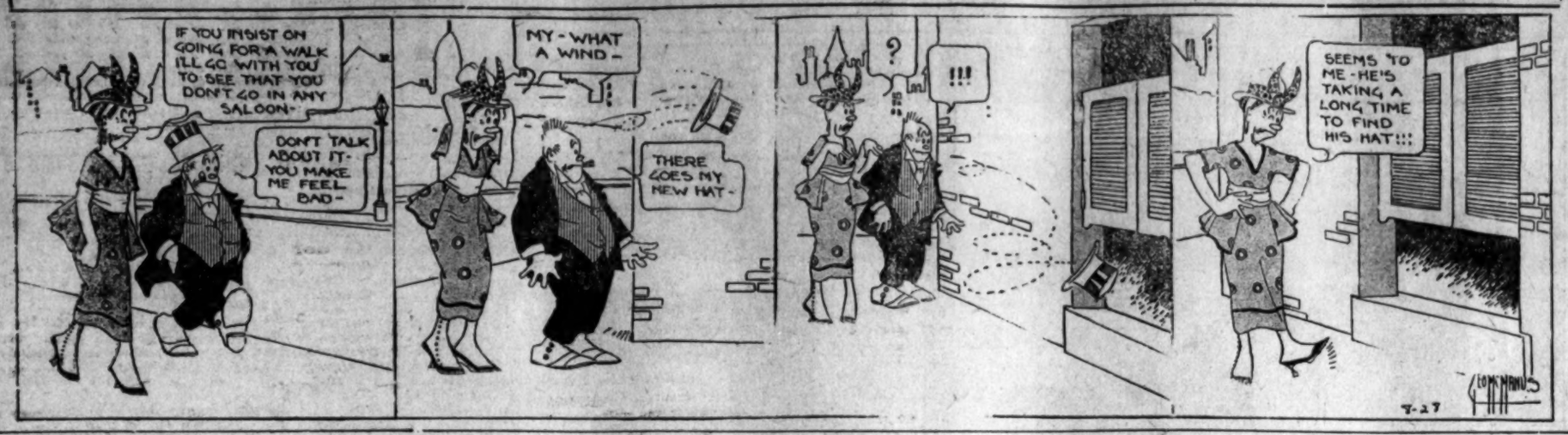
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus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DON'T TALK ABOUT IT- YOU MAKE ME FEEL BAD-
MY - WHAT A WIND -
THERE GOES MY NEW HAT-
?
!!!
SEEMS TO ME - HE'S TAKING A LONG TIME TO FIND HIS HAT!!!
GEO MCMANUS
7-27

About The Influenza

"Saito Man" writes as follows in the Japan Advertiser:

The Spanish influenza is spreading in all directions, and there is as yet no sign of its coming to a stop. It seems that everybody has either got it or is going to get it, and the talk is heard everywhere. At first the people did not take it very seriously, but as the days go by and the number of victims multiply at terrific speed, they have come to consider it with grim earnestness.

The characteristic symptom of this distemper is the wizard-like rapidity in its visitation, development and culmination. You may go home this afternoon under the impression that a sounder man never breathed, but before you know what the matter is you are sneezing, shivering unaccountably, and generally feeling not quite right, and you go to bed to find yourself burning with a fever of forty degrees. If you don't go off at this psychological moment, you may consider yourself exempt from the dread possibility.

One does not like the idea of dying at the hands of a mere influenza cold; it is altogether a slight, contemptible disease, one hesitates even to admit it under the name of disease. But this time it stands no nonsense, but must be treated as a solemn problem. But we are not wholly ungrateful when we consider that it is accelerating peace by compelling the Germans to retreat. In Japanese, influenza is spoken of as being "kaze no kami" or the god of wind, and we may now look upon it as a peacemaker under the ugly disguise of Spanish influenza.

The most precious human beings in Japan are, it is needless to say, soldiers, so that everything is being done to prevent the disease entering amongst them. On Sunday the soldiers are forbidden to go out; they must stay in till the influenza dies down. There are many elementary schools which have altogether shut up shop. In Fukagawa more than any other district in the city is the fury raging, and in this district all the elementary schools are closed for one week from the 30th. The happy Fukagawa school children are enjoying one week universal holiday; the only drawback is that they are strongly admonished not to roam about at will. This is the most beautiful season for outing, picnicing and maple-viewing, etc., but the doctors say that it is very risky to allow children to go to any place where there is any congregation of people. Thus the sporting or pedestrian season this fall has entirely been spoiled.

One peculiar feature about this illness is that it is, comparatively speaking, an aristocratic disease. Of course there are many victims who are far from rich, but the great majority of them are, according to the Chuwo, of a well-to-do upper class. The denizens of the Fukagawa slums are remarkably immune from the infection. The reason is that they have strong resisting energy so to speak, against the attack of influenza, their skins and muscles being hardened by hard work and inclement weather.

What is the best preventive measure? According to most physicians it is best both for patients and healthy people that the former keep indoors as much as possible. Take good exercise and be very careful how and what you eat and drink and avoid as far as possible being in any place where there are a lot of people, for instance, a crowded tramcar. It is very well for doctors to enjoin such a prescription, but in Tokio it is a physical impossibility to avoid a crowded tramcar, and so there is no hope in near future for us to see the end or even abatement of the dread infection.

The Turn Of The Tide

Oh, listen to the cheering by the rivers and the streams,
From Fontenoy to Torcy and Belleau,
From Soissons to Chalons, from Epernay to Rheims,
For the Allies are pushing back the foe!

The going it is good and the courage it is fine,
And blue and khaki chase the fleeing gray;
'Tis a long, long journey from the Marne to the Rhine,
But the Allies have started on the way.

They have mowed down the enemy with many a yawning gap,
They have captured his munitions where he bled;
And General Peck who leads is following up a map
Whose roads are all clearly marked in red.

No more shall flee the peasants in the invaders' way,
The dwellers by the Ourcq and the Aisne;
Their hastily packed household goods are now unpacked to stay,
For the villagers are going home again.

M. H. Burnet.

Facts And Fancies

IRISH, BOTH

Aged Criminal (who has just got a life sentence)—Oh, yer honor, I shall never live to do it.

Judge (soothingly)—Never mind! Do as much of it as you can.

HER HAPPIEST DAYS

The other day a lady confided to us that the happiest days of her life were spent during the three years that she was eighteen.

RETROUSSE

She—You needn't make fun of my nose; I didn't choose it.

Her Brother—That's right, sis; it turned up unasked.

DRINK DELUSIONS

A couple of old rounders were sitting in a bar-room imbibing cocktails. Presently one of them remarked: "Do you know, Bill, I think I'll buy this hotel."

"Wait till we've had a few more drinks," said Bill, "and I'll sell it to you."

A SHOW-DOWN

A young grass widow makes it plain
That she has learned her biz:
"No man shall win my hand again
Until he has shown his."

NOT SAME AS WE PUT IN OURS

From a daily list of pronunications of French town names we learn that Ham is pronounced Am—same as what the English put in their sandwiches.

EASY TO REMEMBER

Dr. Reid, a celebrated medical writer, was requested by a literary lady to call at her house, and he said he would be charmed to do so.

"You won't forget the address," she said. "No. 1 Chesterfield Street."

"Madam," said the doctor, "I am too great an admirer of politeness not to remember Chesterfield, and, I fear, too selfish to forget No. 1."

Slave And Emperor

"Our cavalry have rescued Nazareth from the enemy whose supermen described Christianity as a creed for slaves."

The Emperor mocked at Nazareth
In his almighty hour,
The Slave that bowed himself to death
And walked with slaves in Nazareth,
What were His words but wasted breath
Before that "will to power."

Yet, in the darkest hour of all,
When black defeat began,
The Emperor heard the mountains quake,
He felt the graves beneath him shake,
He watched his legions rally and break,
And he whimpered as they ran.

"I hear a shout that moves the earth,
A cry that wakes the dead!
Will no one tell me whence they come,
For all my messengers are dumb?
What power is this that comes to birth
And breaks my power?" he said.

Then, all around his foundering guns,
Though dawn was now not far,
The darkness filled with a living fear
What whispered at the Emperor's ear,
"The armies of the dead draw near
Beneath an eastern star."

The trumpet blows in Nazareth.
The Slave is risen again!
Across the bitter wastes of death,
The horsemen ride from Nazareth,
And the Power we mocked as wasted breath
Returns, in power, to reign;
Rides on, in white, through Nazareth,
To save His world again.

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VICTORY LOAN FIGURES IN ANOTHER BIG ADVANCE

Subscriptions at Shanghai Banks Now Total Nearly Thirty Million Francs

With nearly 2,000,000 francs added to the total by yesterday's subscriptions, the grand aggregate for the French Victory Loan in Shanghai to date stands at Frs. 29,102,000. During the day the subscriptions received at the Banque de l'Indo-China passed the twenty-million-franc mark.

Following are the details from the various banks:

	Frs.
Banque de l'Indo-Chine	20,220,000
Banque Russo-Asiatique	4,238,000
Banque Industrielle de Chine	4,039,700
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	605,300
Total	29,102,000

Austrian Empire Made Powerless

(Continued from Page 1)

railroads and roads and waterways in Austria-Hungary and of the use of the necessary Austrian and Hungarian means of transportation. The armies of the Associated Powers shall occupy such strategic points in Austria-Hungary on such terms as they may deem necessary to enable them to conduct military operations or to maintain order. They shall have the right of requisition of payment for the troops of the Associated Powers (wherever) they be.

(5) Complete evacuation of all German troops within fifteen days not only from the Italian and Balkan fronts, but from Austro-Hungarian territory.

(6) The administration of the evacuated territories of Austria-Hungary will be entrusted to the local authorities under the control of the Allied and Associated armies of occupation.

(7) The immediate reparation without reciprocity of Allied prisoners of war and interned subjects and of the civil population evacuated from their homes on conditions to be laid down by the Commander-in-Chief of the forces of the Associated Powers on various fronts. Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from the evacuated territory will be cared for by the Austro-Hungaran personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

Conditions On Sea

Naval conditions:

(1) The cessation of all hostilities at sea, definite information be given as to the location and movement of all Austro-Hungarian ships. Notification to be made to all neutral countries that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters will be given to the naval and merchantile marines of the Allied and Associated Powers, all questions of neutrality to be waived.

(2) The surrender to the Allies and the United States of fifteen submarines completed between the years 1910 and 1913 and of all German submarines which are in or may hereafter enter Austro-Hungarian territorial waters. All other Austrian submarines to be paid off and disarmed and to remain under the supervision of the Allies and the United States.

(3) The surrender to the Allies and the United States with their complete armament and equipment of three battleships, three light cruisers, nine destroyers, twelve torpedo-boats, one mine layer, six Danube monitors to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America. All other surface warships not including river craft are to be concentrated in Austro-Hungarian naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America.

(4) The freedom of navigation of all warships and merchant ships of Allied and Associated Powers to be given in the Adriatic and upon the Danube and its tributaries in the territorial waters and territory of Austria-Hungary. The Allies and Associated Powers shall have the right to sweep all mine fields and obstructions. The positions of these are to be indicated. In order to ensure the freedom of the Danube the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy and to dismantle all fortifications or defense works.

Blockade To Continue

(5) The blockade conditions of the sea by the Allies and Associated Powers are to remain unchanged and all Austro-Hungarian merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture save exceptions which may be made by a commission nominated by the Allies and the United States of America.

(6) All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and rendered unfit for action in Austro-Hungarian bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America.

(7) The evacuation of all the Italian coasts and of all ports occupied by Austria-Hungary outside of their national territory and the abandonment of all floating craft, naval material, equipment and materials for inland navigation of all kinds.

(8) The occupation by the Allies and the United States of America of the land and sea fortifications and the islands which form the defenses and the dockyards and arsenals at Pola.

(9) All merchant vessels held by Austria-Hungary belonging to the Allies and the Associated Powers to be returned.

(10) No destruction to ships or of materials to be permitted before the evacuation, surrender or restoration.

(11) All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of the Allied and Associated Powers in Austro-Hungarian hands to be returned without reciprocity.

EARLIER DRAFT OF TERMS

(French Wireless)

Shanghai, November 6.—The following, being the latter portion of the terms of the Austrian capitulation, has been intercepted by the Koukaza Wireless Station.

..... save exceptions which may be made by a commission nominated by the Allies and the United States of America.

(6).—All naval aircraft(?) are to be concentrated and rendered unfit for action in Austro-Hungarian bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America.

(7).—The evacuation of all the Italian coasts and of all ports occupied by Austria-Hungary outside their national territory and the abandonment of all floating craft, naval material, equipment and materials for inland navigation of all kinds.

(8).—Occupation by the Allies and the United States of America of the land and sea fortifications and the islands which form the defenses and the dockyard and arsenal at Pola.

(9).—All merchant vessels held by Austria-Hungary belonging to the Allies and the Associated Powers to be returned without reciprocity.

(10).—No destruction to ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

(11).—All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of the Allied and Associated Powers in the hands of Austria-Hungary to be returned without reciprocity.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 4.—Mr. Bonar Law stated in the House of Commons that he hoped it would be possible to read the whole terms of the Austrian armistice to the House on November 5. Meanwhile he could assure the House that it would be satisfied with the terms.

$22,000 Subscribed For Soldiers' Welfare

(Continued from Page 1)

assured. It was freely predicted yesterday that at least $50,000 of the allotted $100,000 will be pledged before the campaign officially starts.

Yesterday's meeting was full of enthusiasm. The speakers insisted that, although the end of the war might be in sight, organisations working with the troops will need money to carry on their social service for at least a year. Their appeals met with ready response and although the surface is not yet scratched, over $22,000 has been subscribed.

The large attendance of women, representing all the Allied nations and every creed marked the meeting as an unusual one. Many Chinese women attended and all pledged their support to the drive.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Sammons. He said:

"On instructions from the American Minister at Peking, it has been a pleasure to co-operate with Allied women and men in arranging for this meeting, the objective being the raising of funds to carry on united welfare work at the front. At President Wilson's suggestion the various organisations conducting welfare work united their activities and are now rallying the people of the United States to go over the top for G.$170,000,000. Apparently China is on the map because we out here have been invited to assist. This placing of far away China on the welfare map is no doubt partially due to the fact that China's contributions to war bond and Red Cross campaigns have delighted millions of people at home and helped, in fact, to hearten all who are putting either blood or dollars into a righteous cause.

"After all that has been done in generous and indefatigable Shanghai, for four years and more, it is surprising to find so many who are ready to give not only time but money for this worthy welfare work. In a personal sense, and through contact with others, I am able to state that many latter day contributions are based on borrowed money and borrowed time as well. Still it looks as if we will not have many more opportunities, if any, to give. But even with actual fighting at the front ended, and remembering that we of the United States, alone, now have four million men under arms, welfare work will be urgently required for a long time during the period of returning the Allied forces to their homes.

"When word came from Peking regarding this movement in China, it was too late to undertake anything but the quickest methods in accomplishing results. This meeting was immediately called after assurances were promptly given by the French Consul-General that what was proposed would in no way interfere with the highly successful French war bond campaign now going on. An Allied promoting committee was organised and plans of procedure agreed upon. It was decided to launch a United Allied War Welfare Campaign committee at this meeting and to receive such assurances as might be forthcoming.

"Men and women who are able to, and will give their entire time, if necessary, for a few days, are in demand to conduct a determined campaign. Already the Chinese are exhibiting exceptional interest and may outdo the foreigners in practical results. Indeed, the women may rival the men in this humanitarian welfare work.

"The putting of Allied women to the front in this campaign has been discussed, and it is gratifying to state that the first Tls. 500 cash contribution is from a woman, Mrs. Seaman, of Poughkeepsie, New York, one of our former townswomen, who is visiting Shanghai for a few weeks, and who, like many others, has been called upon for endless assistance, both at home and abroad."

Mr. B. Atwood Robinson was ushered to the chair and in his address pointed out the necessity of Catholics, Protestants, Jews, the various Chinese religions and all others for working to help attain an objective which has inspired five-sixths of the world's nations. He impressed upon his hearers that a period of one or two years will follow the conclusion of the war when soldiers will need the assistance of the bodies working for their welfare. He told of the support manifested by foreigners and Chinese in Peking and announced that Dr. Wu Ting-fang had pledged one half of the $300,000 allotted to China. Dr. Wu will raise the money in the South.

Representing Mr. Ivan Chen, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Mr. N. T. Yang conveyed Mr. Chen's entire sympathy and best wishes of success for the campaign.

Mr. J. Knight, French Commercial Attache, was the next speaker. He praised the generosity of the Shanghai public and reminded the audience that when the work of the soldiers was finished, the work of the social service organisations continued. He told how proper entertainment and recreation added to the efficiency of the fighting man and reminded those attending that the work of the soldier should inspire the civilian to greater efforts.

"As one of the Allies, it behooves China to give its hearty approval and support to this movement," said Mr. Chu Pao-san.

The support of the Italian community and the assurance of Jewish interests were pledged by Mr. Toledano and Mme. Darre told what Catholics are doing in France.

"Over 6,000 Catholic sisters are nursing wounded in hospitals in France and the Catholic women all over the world have risen nobly to the cause. The achievements of the Knights of Columbus are well known. Catholics, both men and women, are glad to unite with all creeds in the raising of funds to make living more pleasant for our fighting men," said Mme. Darre.

Judge Charles S. Lobingier urged "one final forward movement." He said: "One of the most gratifying features of this war is the manner in which religious barriers have been broken down. We read daily of Catholic pastors administering last rites to Protestant soldiers and of Protestant pastors comforting Catholic fighting men in their last moments. The alignment of the world's Allied nations contains every religion. We see Mohamedans from India and Arabia are fighting a Mohamedan power.

"The war has presented a situation which we should preserve and retain by supporting the work of organisations working with the troops.

"Those at the front have learned that religion is a matter of service and service is not a matter of creed. This is something which will be placed on the credit side of the war. Movements like this campaign will preserve the existing situation.

"The foe we are fighting is resourceful, the end is not yet and the final forward movement must be successful."

Mrs. Ayscough insisted that the need for effort was not over and forecasted infinite possibilities for service on the Siberian front.

The plan of campaign was then explained Mr. A. R. Hager. He called for 120 promoters who are to be responsible for ten workers. The promoters are to work as organisers and each organiser is responsible for five committeemen, who in turn will each secure four subscriptions of five dollars. Mr. Hager then allowed Mr. Robinson to sign as the first promoter and Mr. Hager signed as the first organiser. Then came the pledges and in a few minutes over $22,000 had been subscribed.

While the subscribers were signing, Mr. Fitch presented the following resolution which was passed by the meeting:

"That a general committee of patrons be organised for advice and co-operation in conducting the campaign in Shanghai. It is proposed that the following be asked to constitute the general committee; Allied Consuls General and Consuls, Commissioner for Defense, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Superintendent and Commissioner of Customs, Magistrate of the Chinese City, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, Judges of the Allied courts, Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Allied Chambers of Commerce and the Presidents of the various associations, Presidents of the Allied clubs including the Jewish club, various women's clubs and other kindred organisations, President of Allied war work organisations, President of the Jewish Synagogue and members of the already constituted executive committee."

The committee will meet at campaign headquarters, 26 Nanking Road, Friday afternoon at five o'clock.

The following are the pledges made at yesterday's meeting:

Mr. Chu Pao-san	$5,000
Bank of China	1,000
Bank of Communications	1,000
Mr. Ellis Kadoorie	1,000
St. Monica's Society	1,000
Russo-Asiatic Bank	1,000
Mr. Albert Howard	1,000
Judge C. S. Lobingier	1,000
Mr. Y. C. Tong	1,000
Mr. E. Kempffer	1,000
Mr. George Fitch	1,000
Mr. B. Atwood Robinson	1,000
Consul General de Rossi	1,000
Mr. Hugo Reiss	1,000
Mr. Fu Siao-en	1,000
Mr. Yuen Li-teng	1,000
Mr. Hsiao Heng-chang	1,000
Mr. G. M. Wheelock	500
Total	$21,500
Mrs. F. J. Seaman	Taels 500
Taels	500

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

HA-HA-SHE HASN'T HAD A CALL ON THE PHONE SINCE THE WAR STARTED - SHES TALKING TO HERSELF NOW - I'LL BET NO ONE IS ON THE WIRE
YES BUT GET THE MAP ON SILLY HER HEAVY - AINT IT A RIOT. YOUD THINK HE HAD A DATE WITH THE HANG MAN
NO-NO - I COULDNT THINK OF IT COUNT - YOU SEE I HAVE AN ENGAGEMENT WITH JACK FOR THE COUNTRY CLUB DINNER AND ON SATURDAY I LEAVE WITH A PARTY FOR ICE SKATING OVER SUNDAY - YES -
INDOOR SPORTS
LISTENING TO MADGE TALK ON THE PHONE TO IMAGINARY ADMIRERS WHILE HER STEADY SITS IN THE NEXT ROOM WITH BOTH EARS WIDE OPEN

YANKS CHARGED IN SILK HATS

They Also Carried Pink Parasols At Chateau-Thierry

Boston, September 17.—President Wilson's son-in-law, Francis B. Sayre, just returned from overseas, brings an interesting tale of America's war activities in Italy and France. He dined with King Victor Emmanuel in Rome; inspected "Y" huts on mile-high mountain peaks, and saw Yank soldiers go over the top at Chateau-Thierry wearing silk hats and carrying pink silk parasols.

"U-boats? They're in the mosquito fleet class now," declared Mr. Sayre. "They are more of an annoyance than a menace. Why, they zig-zig worse than a frightened freighter nowadays, they're so afraid one of our destroyers will depth-bomb them since America got busy convoying transports." It is Mr. Sayre's second return to the United States this year, after touring the front for the Y.M.C.A. He was close behind Uncle Sam's barrage at Chateau-Thierry, at the battle of Bellecourt Wood, and lost one of his soldier escorts down a crevasse in a glacier while visiting a "Y" hut on a mountain peak in the Italian Alps.

As to details of the plug hat-silk-parasol charge of Americans at Chateau-Thierry Mr. Sayre, unfortunately, could say little.

"The censor may get us if we don't watch out," was his explanation. But it was Irish-American troops and a few marines who donned the glad attire for their charge. Out of the trenchs they poured, in B. V. D.s, silk hats and a few other things. A few lucky ones carried parasols of all hues and materials.

"The Americans are all mad," a German prisoner taken during this rush is reported as telling his captor. "They charged our machine-gun nest, yelling like fiends. At first we could see only their heads; every one had a silk hat instead of a tin helmet. It looked like an opera night in Munich. But they fight like madmen, too."

Did the quartermaster issue the silk hats to the boys? No. They came, as did the parasols, from stores abandoned when the Germans left the town. They do say the old Sixty-Ninth was there or thereabouts when Chateau-Thierry was taken.

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WOULD ADMIT FOES TO WORLD LEAGUE

Thomas Even Deprecates Demanding That Germany Scrap Hohenzollerns

BUT SHE MUST OBEY RULES

French Socialist Argues That If She Gives Guarantees She Mustn't Be Excluded

London, September 24.—Albert Thomas, the French Socialist statesman, discussing in The Daily Chronicle the subject of a League of Nations, asserts that little definite progress has been made in working out the principle, despite its acceptance months ago by the Entente Governments. The unofficial views concerning it differ greatly. He says: "Some say we must have a society of nations at once. Others declare that we must wait awhile. Some, again, argue that we cannot have a society of nations among nations unless they offer mutual safeguards. If for certain nations the most solemn engagements are but 'scraps of paper,' how can I pledge myself with them to abide by rules and arbitrations which they will not carry out? Can I form a society with thieves or assassins?

"On the other hand, another group says: 'If a society of nations can only be formed between the Entente nations—democratic nations offering every guarantee—will not another society of nations form itself in direct opposition?' Thus, can we not imagine the Central ocean constellation confronted by a Mittel-Europa constellation? In such circumstances, would not our desire to establish a little justice and regularity in the world simply end in perpetuating on the largest scale the most frightful of conflicts?"

All Members Must Observe Rules

M. Thomas then suggests that public opinion can give a lead to statesmen, and continues:

"Now, what is wanted? It is a question of establishing among all nations a society the members of which undertake to observe rules. We need not determine whether, because of sentiment or because of our passions, or even personal feelings, such a nation should be admitted into the society of nations. Maybe all the nations of the earth will do so, by self-interest, by necessity and because they have no other of escape from the horrors of war. And then, with a view to avoid those horrors, they will impose on themselves a certain number of rules.

"Individuals have recognised that in immunities and communal life it was necessary, in the face of the natural forces arrayed against man, that they establish rules. They have recognised that in order to escape from the domination of force and brutality they would have to accept acts of superior authority. Nevertheless, those who are law-breakers and those capable of becoming thieves and assassins live side by side with us in a national society. They live there in the certainty that if they are known to commit misdemeanors they will be punished for them. This certainty doubtless prevents them in some cases from committing them. It is an essential condition to our social life.

"It should be so in the society of nations. Even in the midst of the horrors of the present war nations have realised that they must establish a society among themselves. They will be constrained thereto as much by economic and material needs as by a desire to avoid new catastrophes.

"But no society will be possible without a certain number of rules accepted by all, and then the question becomes simple. It is no mere matter of accepting this or that nation or of deciding whether the society is to be closed or open. It will be open to all nations who accept the rule and offer guarantees for their observance.

What Rules Shall Be Established?

"What rules? In the first place, there comes naturally the engagement to respect the right of peoples to dispose of themselves, and, secondly the engagement to have recourse in the regulation of future conflicts only to juridical remedies, to courts of arbitration and conciliation boards. The employment of force should be exclusively reserved to the society of nations itself as supreme authority in a case where one of the associated States resisted its decisions.

"Finally, the nations must be able to give valid undertakings. There has been much discussion as to whether the Hohenzollerns are eligible for the society of nations. At first President Wilson was very categorical on the subject. He excluded the Hohenzollerns from his international republic. It has seemed to me that the sentence was peremptory, and President Wilson was not able to abide by it. The guarantees that must be required of a people are that it shall itself decide for peace or war, and that public opinion, supported by democratic institutions, shall determine the national fate.

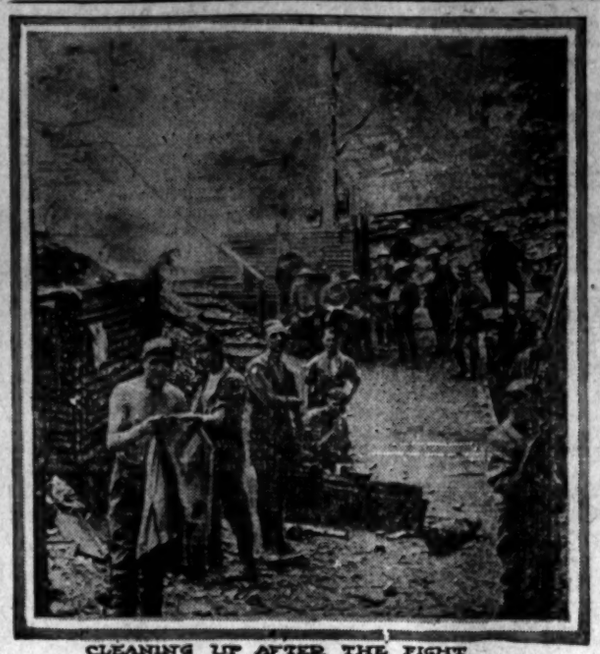
"Perhaps it is true that Hohenzollern would accept either the control of armaments or the regular vote of popular representation on the question of peace or war, or the mechanism of democratic control. It may be necessary for the Hohenzollerns to disappear that Germany may enter the society of nations; but this is not the way to formulate the first condition especially by men who wish to respect the internal organisation of each nation. The democratic conditions of membership in the society should be impersonal, so to speak, but it is also necessary that, once the conditions are fulfilled, every nation should enter into the common society."

Urges Founding The League Now

"Bearing in mind those considerations, it is easy to see what ought to be the action of the Allies. They must found at once among themselves their society of nations. They have lingered too long. They must establish not only unity of command, but unity of policy. They must enunciate the common principles of government and action which unite them. They must solidify and render more viable the organisation by which they maintain material life or national defense.

"Again they must create at once among themselves rules of arbitration to which they agree to submit. Their society thus formed, the Allies shall not say to the enemy peoples: 'You are unworthy to come in.' Instead they will say: 'Here are the regulations by which we have bound ourselves. Submit to them and you may come with us.' Thus the enemy peoples will awaken to all the crimes committed by their Governments. Thus will they understand that it is only by conforming to justice that their Governments become worthy of governing themselves. Thus they will understand that the Entente nations do not wish to exterminate them or reduce them to impotence and weakness; but that they wish to protect themselves against the abuse of force and violence. Thus will they comprehend the full value of life under a democracy. Thus will the Entente perfect the victories of its heroic soldiers by victories of public opinion and of diplomacy."

British Soldiers Cleaning Up After Fight



CLEANING UP AFTER THE FIGHT. British Official Photo.

British soldiers on the Italian front cleaning and resting up after a battle with the Austrians. The men in the foreground are washing and shaving.

Foreign And Japanese Plans Of Supervision In China

(*Japan Advertiser*)

Referring to the China policy of the Hara Government the Asahi says that there has been a rumor that the body of foreigners in China who are moving with the Anglo-American Association as a center have been carrying on a secret project having for its object the appointment of an international committee to deal with the supervision of China's finance so that the reckless raising of loans may be prevented and her finance readjusted and to bring about the cessation of hostilities between the northern and southern parties. The movement is understood to be making steady progress since the return of the American Minister to Peking.

When the Terauchi Government came to power, continues the Asahi, it was openly declared that a policy of non-interference would be pursued toward China but as time went on it became an open secret that Count Terauchi was doing everything to render assistance to General Tuan and had been surreptitiously advancing money to the northern party. This has caused the British and Americans to regard Japan's attitude with suspicion. Since the assumption of office by the Hara Ministry no definite declaration has been made regarding Japan's policy toward China except a vague statement by Viscount Uchida, Foreign Minister, which is inadequate to disabuse the foreigners in China of their misunderstanding. There has been a report that the Japanese Government was not included in the protest made by four foreign governments to China against the gold notes regulations but the report should be taken with reserve.

From what the Asahi learns from an authoritative source the China policy of the present Cabinet will be one of impartiality as regards south and north; as to the financial question special attention will be paid to the general welfare and happiness of the Chinese people; such a policy as the despatch of a "private minister" will be discontinued; and that no policy aimed at promoting Japan's selfish interest shall be taken.

Our contemporary further understands that the Hara Government is engaged in readjusting the loan policy undertaken by its predecessor and as to the gold notes episode there is no reason why Japan alone should be found to support a matter which is condemned by other Powers.

NEW JAPANESE MINISTER FORESTALLS CRITICISM

Mr. Obata, Hayashi's Named Successor, Takes Fellow-Nipponese To Task

Mr. Obata, the new Minister to China, is quoted by the Mainichi as denying the rumour that Japan's policy towards China has undergone a change. He declared that Japan's policy towards China is too firmly established to be subject to alteration in consequence of Cabinet changes.

The new Minister then takes the Japanese to task for lack of unanimity of view regarding the policy to be pursued towards the neighboring Republic. In Western countries, he says, there is a uniformity of opinion among nations regarding the proper attitude for their Governments to adopt towards China, and the representatives of those countries at Peking have merely to act in conformity with these wishes. The natural consequence is that there is a conspicuous absence of discontent among these peoples regarding the policies of their Governments, and there is no occasion for frequent changes in the personnel of their representatives in China. This is far from the case with Japan, however. Some Japanese support the North, while others favor the South, and there is always a sharp division of views among the people, with the result that the Japanese Ministers hitherto accredited to China were utterly at a loss to know how to shape their course. So long as this unfavorable state of affairs continues, it is quite impossible for any Minister however talented to direct his country's China policy to the satisfaction of the whole nation.

Mr. Obata therefore urges the Japanese to see that their views regarding policy towards China are unified before commenting upon the merits or demerits of their Minister at Peking and to give their united support to him in order that he may be successful in carrying out the Government's policy. Unless this is done, says the new Minister, changes of diplomats in Peking will be productive of no good result.

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Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH.....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.48	13.25	17.15	23.00
SOOCHOW .....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	15.15	19.20	1.08
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.23	2.10
CHANGCHOW...dep.	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.25	3.10
TANYANG .....dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..
CHINKIANG.....dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.22	..	..	5.06
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	*14.15	16.30	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50
PUKOW .....dep.	..	15.30	..	..	..	..	..	..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	8.18	..	..	..	..	..	..
TIENTSIN } arr.	..	16.29	..	..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL } dep.	..	16.55	..	..	..	..	..	..
PEKING .....arr.	..	19.50	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
PEKING .....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35		..
TIENTSIN } arr.	..	..	..	..	..	17.40		..
CENTRAL } dep.	..	..	..	..	..	12.00		..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
PUKOW .....arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.56		..
NANKING .....dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.20	15.35	23.00
CHINKIANG ....dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.06	18.16	1.00
TANYANG .....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
CHANGCHOW ..dep.	7.00	..	10.34	12.18	15.08	17.39	20.20	3.06
WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	13.36	16.00	18.29	..	4.11
SOOCHOW .....dep.	9.35	8.08	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
SHANGHAI NORTH.....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	12.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	21.30
KIANGWAN dep	7.17	8.37	11.17	12.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.22	21.57
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.25	8.45	11.25	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20 30	22.05

SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.30	17.30	19 10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.45	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.30

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	...
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15 13	16 13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... *dep*	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... *dep.*	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.53*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18 49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12 30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yekzah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Chaugan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14 00	16.50	....	18 24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12 50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.00
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.30
Yekzah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12 39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Songkiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... *dep.*		*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*
Shanghai South ..... *arr.*		*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.00	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	7.00	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	6 15	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.25	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	6 27	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.37	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	6.46	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7 50	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 6, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.
@ 5/1½=Tls. 3.90
@ exch. 73.8=Mex. $5.29
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate.
@ 122=Tls. $1.97
@ 7.38=Mex. $111.07
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.5
Thai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 272
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1785
Native Interest ..... Tls. .13

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	49½d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Ex. Paris on London .. Fr.	26.03
Ex. N. Y. on London ... T.T.	$4.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 5/1½
London	Demand 5/1½
India	T.T. 34½
Paris	T.T. 671
Paris	Demand 674
New York	T.T. 122
New York	Demand 122½
Hongkong	T.T. 67
Japan	T.T. 44½
Batavia	T.T. 283
Singapore	T.T. 45½

Banks' Buying Rates

London	Demand 5/2½
London	4 m/s. Cdts. 5/4
London	4 m/s. Docy. 5/4½
London	6 m/s. Cdts. 5/4½
London	6 m/s. Docy. 5/4½
Paris	4 m/s. 702
New York	o/d Docy. 123½
New York	4 m/s. 125½

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Nominal Buying Rate For Roubles
Roubles 1,350 ..... Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $10.75

Customs House Exchange Rates For November

Hk. Tls. 3.49 @ 5/1½			£1
" 1 @ 1.50		Mex.	$1.50
" 1 @ 674		Francs	7.51
" 0.73 @ 122½		Gold	$1
" 1 @ 44½		Yen	2.48
" 1 @ 15		Rupees	4.30
" 1 @ —		Roubles	—

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, November 6, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Official
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharves Tls. 102.50 December

Unofficial
Shanghai Cottons (20 shares) Tls. 140.00 November

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL
73, 74 and 75 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.
Telephone No. 98
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native risk at Current Rates.
FRAZAR & CO.

Rubber Outputs

	Sept.	Oct.
Alma	33,000	32,000
Amherst	1,859	5,400
Anglo-Dutch	56,500	61,000
Anglo-Java	159,000	177,000
Ayer Tawah	23,003	24,000
Batu Anam	23,000	26,700
Bukit Toh Alang	14,461	*11,244
Bute	13,513	14,800
Chempedak	8,200	8,700
Chemor	22,263	19,854
Cheng	14,150	17,438
Consolidated	53,712	—
Dominion	43,463	36,936
Gula Kalumpong	73,000	66,000
Java Consolidated	54,000	59,000
Kamunting	21,825	20,414
Kapala	11,777	—
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	9,800	7,400
Kota Bahroe	39,640	30,245
Kroewoek	39,000	46,000
Langkat	79,090	71,986
Padang	24,000	22,800
Permata	5,717	—
Pengkalan	14,502	15,647
Repah	18,000	—
Samagaga	16,580	15,100
Semambu	15,841	14,042
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	35,383	44,200
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Klebang	14,789	*12,537
Shanghai-Kelantan	—	15,500
Shanghai-Seremban	7,853	11,038
Shanghai-Pahang	13,496	9,017
Shanghai-Sumatra	71,230	61,150
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungaia	10,195	8,555
Sungei	27,262	20,050
Taiping	12,311	—
Tanah Merah	34,000	29,900
Tebong	60,000	60,000
Ulobri	5,246	5,726
Ziangbe	61,000	61,000

*Decrease due to heavy rains and coolies suffering from influenza.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, November 1.—Today's Rubber prices were:

Plantation First Latex Crepe:
Spot, 2s. 5d. paid.
December, 2s. 5¼d. paid.
Tendency of market, weaker.

Previous quotation, London, October 31:
Spot, 2s. 5½d. paid.
December, 2s. 6d. paid.
Tendency of market, firm.

U.K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, November 1.—Today's Metal prices were:

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f.o.b. (Nominal)	122	5	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.	137	0	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton ... Nominal			
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b. (nett)	29	0	0
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1/- extra in flask) ... Nominal			
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less ½%) Nominal			
Standard Tin (cash)	334	0	0
Spelter (ordy. soft) f.o.b.	52	0	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 gauge f.o.b. (Nominal)	28	5	0
Standard Tin (3 months)	334	0	0

GULA-KALUMPONG ESTATE

Messrs. Ilbert and Co., Ltd., the local secretaries of the Gula-Kalumpong Rubber Estates, Ltd., are in receipt of the following telegram from their Penang agents:

	lbs.
Output of Dry Rubber for October	66,000
Shipped	27,920
	nuts.
Cocoanuts	313,000
	inches.
Rainfall	16½

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, November 6, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Langkats Tls. 19.50
Shanghai Lands Tls. 70.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 8.50

Unofficial
Weeks $13.25
Laou Kung Mow Cottons Tls. 131.00 December
Yangtszepoo Cottons (Ord.) Tls. 8.75 December

A NEUTAL'S IMPRESSIONS OF AMERICAN SENTIMENT

Japan Resident Returning From U. S. Says Americans Want Strong Army And Navy

Returning to Japan after several months in America, a neutral resident of Tokio gives as his conclusions, deduced from many talks and observations, that there is in the States more hatred of the Germans than there is in Europe. The reason he attributes to two causes: First, America has been duped at home by the Germans whom she had nourished and who turned on her intent upon destruction; secondly, that America has nothing to gain in this war but has all to lose. England and France are fighting for their lives; not so the United States. She is spending her millions every day and sacrificing her thousands of men for the sake of a principle. It was hatred of the Teutonic principles that drove her into the war and that hatred has quite naturally fallen on the heads of those who support these principles. This man also brought away the impression that the general feeling in America was that a strong army and navy should be established after the war as the best method of maintaining permanent peace.

Exchange Market Report

Messrs. Maitland and Fearon in their Exchange Circular for week ending November 6, write as follows:

Exchange:—The London and New York maximum prices for silver remain at 49½d. and G.$1.01½ respectively. Our exchange market dropped ½d. to 5s. 1d. T.T. on London on the 2nd inst. but recovered to 5s. 1½d. on the 3rd, and has since remained at last week's closing price. ½d. to 1d. premium has again been offering for cash, forward rates remain much the same as last week. Our local stock of sycee and bar silver at Tls. 21,870,000 is over Tls. 2,000,000 down. The stock of Mexican and Chinese dollars at $13,000,000 shows a decrease of $270,000.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, November 1.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:

Consols 2½% for account	£60½
Cheques on London at Paris	Fr. 26.07
T.T. on London at New York	G.$4.76½
Bar Silver (Spot)	49½d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5%
Market Rate of Discount	3½%
Cotton; Egyptian Fully Good Fair Sakellaridies	29.40d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal	19.65d.
Cotton; Good Middling Texas 1⅛ inch staple	22.60d.
Plantation Rubber, November	2s. 5d. paid.
Hornsby's 8¼ lb. Shirtings	36s. 3d.
Calvert's 10 lb. Shirtings	43s. 6d.
Taylor's 40s. Yarn, unquoted.	

Siccawei Weather Report

5.—Overcast, close foggy and rainy weather in our regions. The barometers have still moderately to considerably fallen on our coasts, during the morning; but the depression has during the afternoon rapidly moved away towards Nagasaki and the pressures have risen in the North.

6.—Northerly equalls during the night. Overcast weather with some more drizzle in the norning. Barometer rapidly rising.

Wednesday, November 6, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm...	758.55	759.76
Bar. at Centg., inches.	29.86	29.91
Variation for mm 24h	−4.94	−3.43
Variation for mm 12h	−0.82	†0.35
Wind—Direction	SSE	SSE
Wind—Kilom per hour	5	7
Wind—Miles	3.1	4.3
Temperature—Cen ...	17°9	19°0
Temperature—Fah ...	64.2	66.2
Humidity co:	100	97
Nebulosity 5-10	10	10
Rainfall mm	0.1	—
Rainfall inches	0.00	—

Launch Services

TOMORROW

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at noon.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Monday, November 11, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

Friday, November 15, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 p.m.

Sunday, November 17, 1918.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat will leave the French Mail Jetty at 9 a.m.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	at.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Rss
Today							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21 0	..				
Foochow	Hasan	41 0		..	..		21.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Hsinkong	41 0	..	..	..		21.00
Wenchow	Tungwah	2 ..	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy and Hongkong			11.00		..		21.00
Amoy, Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	10.30	..				
Pekin and Tsinan every day			7.0				10.00
Tsinan Daily except Sunday			15.00		..		17
Hankow			17.00				..
Sing		..	15.00				
Tomorrow							
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Korea maru	15 30	..			..	15.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe via S. U. A.		..					
Manila Direct			15.00			..	14.3
Hongkong and Manila	China	10.30	..			..	10.0
do	hina		1.00	10.00			9.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	1.0	..	..			
Japan Ports.	Yawata maru	18.00	17.00		..		21.00
Nagaki, Kobe, Yokama, Canada, Honolulu, U.S. & Europe					..		17.00
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Korea maru		..				
Tsingtao & Dairy	do		..	13.00			12.00
Dairy	Kobe maru		..		..		15.00
Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U. A. & Europe v. U.S.A.	Kobe maru	11.00	..	..	..	..	12.00
Saturday, November 9,			7.00				17.00
Swatow							
River Ports							
Wuhsieh, Chefoo & Tientsin	Yingchow	21.00	7.00				21.00
Swatow	Shuntien	3.00	9.00		..		22.00
Monday, November 11.	Tansui	21.00	..	..	..		8.30
Hom							21.00
Tuesday, November 12.			17.00	..			
Weih							
Friday, November 15.			14.00				
H'kow							
Foochow							7.00

A Parcel post and money orders until 12 noon.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 2:30 p.m. Parcel post and money orders 2 p.m.

C Letters and boxes with declared value 11:30 a.m. Parcel post and money orders 11 a.m.

E Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. the Russian Post Office.

Men-of-War in Port

Section	Date From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Gun	Mar	Commander
WTW		Snipe	Br. g-b.				
M.M.B.	Oct. 10	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				
W.T.W.		Nightingale	Br. g-b.				
P&OBI	Oct. 18	Sel. Caboto	It. g-b.				
SP	Oct. 22	Sumida	Jap. g-b.				
		Tsingan	Chi. g-b.				
		Kiangsi	Chi. g-b.				
		Litchohn	Chi. g-b.				
		Tsoutai	Chi. cr.				
		Kansien	Chi. g-b.				
		Lienkien	Chi. g-b.				
		Houpong	Chi. g-b.				
2C	Nov. 6	Gnat	Br. g-b.				

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 16	— Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 1	— Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 15	— Hankow	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 22	—	Stasia	Am.	
Oct. 23	—	Heijun Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 25	— Japan	Ryoto Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 26	—	Shanghai	Chi.	M. & Co.
Oct. 27	— Japan	Hirano Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct. 28	— Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G-N Tel Co.
Oct. 29	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Oct. 30	—	Magnit	Rus.	R.V.F.
Oct. 30	— Cruise	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Oct. 31	— Japan	Chuentao	Chi.	Customs
Oct. 31	— Newchwang	Hikoshima Maru	Jap.	Suzuki Co.
Nov. 2	— Hongay	Shawhsing	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov. 2	— Singapore	Mingshun	Chi.	San Peh S.N.
Nov. 2	— Hankow	Tosan Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 2	— Hongkong	Meian	Am.	Socony.
Nov. 3	— Hankow	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M.M.
Nov. 3	— Chinwangtao	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 3	— Japan	Jinyo Maru	Jap.	S.P.S.N. C.
Nov. 4	— Hongkong	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 4	— Hongkong	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 4	— Hongkong	Yetorofu Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 4	— Hankow	Andes Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Nov. 4	— Hankow	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 4	— Hankow	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 4	— Japan	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 4	— Japan	Niigata Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 5	— Hankow	Sanbashi Maru	Pap.	S. T. Co.
Nov. 5	— Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 5	— Hankow	Changon	Br.	G. & Co.
Nov. 6	— Chefoo	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 5	— Chefoo	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 5	— Tientsin, Ports	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 5		Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 5	— Hongkong	Yuenfong	Chi.	
Nov. 5	— Japan	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 5		Surachi Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 5	— Japan	Kamiyoshi Maru	Jap.	
Nov. 5	— Japan	Toyo Maru	Jap.	
		Toko Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The L-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwellee left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The L-C. s.s. Hwahlee left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai on Monday.

The L-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. China may be expected to arrive at Hongkew Wharf from San Francisco and ports this morning. She will be despatched for Hongkong and Manila tomorrow noon.

The T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday, and is due at Woosung tomorrow morning. The tender conveying inward passengers may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty about 10 o'clock. The Korea sails for San Francisco via Jayan Ports and Honolulu the same afternoon and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 4 o'clock.

Amusements

SHOWING
at the
OLYMPIC THEATRE
on
Nov. 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th
and
Matinee on Sunday, 10th
The Magnificent Dramatic Classic
"The Rose of the Rancho"
In Five Acts
by David Belasco with
BESSIE BARRISCALE
and Special Cast
And Other New Films

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.	
Iyo Maru	Oct. 15
Eurybates	Oct. 20
Sussex	Nov. 1
For Liverpool etc.	
Glengyle	Oct. 14
For San Francisco	
Shinyo Maru	Oct. 5
Venezuela	Oct. 12
Nanking	Oct. 27
For Seattle	
Katori Maru	Oct. 29
For Tacoma	
Javary	Oct. 18
Manila Maru	Oct. 29
For Vancouver	
Montegle	Oct. 14
Melville Dollar	Oct. 15
For Bombay:	
Dilwara	Oct. 28
For Port Said:	
Towa Maru	Oct. 16
Dumbea	Oct. 23
Kenkon Maru	Nov. 4
For Marseilles	
Saito Maru	Oct. 21
For Genoa, etc:	
Nippo Maru	Nov. 3

Amusements

SHOWING
at the
VICTORIA THEATRE
Tonight *Tonight*
ONE NIGHT ONLY
The Beautiful Paramount Drama
"To Have and to Hold"
Five Parts
with
MAE MURRAY
Other New Films

ISIS THEATRE
PROGRAMME
for
Thursday, 7th November
"THE BROKEN COIN"
17th, 18th and 19th Episodes
Change of Programme on Friday when
"Adventure in an Autumn Wood"
By
ZAKANDIN'S TROUPE
will be staged

Bright Lights! **"The Eldorado"** *First-Class Floor!*
3 Jukong Road
MR. MANNELLI the "MANDOLIN KING"
assited by
MISS FANNY
Come and be Entertained!
To Complete a "Pleasant Day"
Visit
"THE ELDORADO"
Refined Dancing Everything A. 1. *Excellent Service!*
Prof. MARTINEZ, Orchestra

APOLLO THEATRE TOMORROW

ANOTHER OF THOSE FINE "GOLD ROOSTER" FILMS
"THE EMPRESS"
HOLBROOK BLINN —— featuring —— DORIS KENYON
It is a fast moving melodrama of an artist and his model, the Man and Woman in the dark. Holbrook Blinn is one of the biggest stars on the American stage. While Doris Kenyon has been starred in many photo-plays. It is a sure Apollo success.
Pathe's British Gazette
LONESOME LUKE in "CLUBS ARE TRUMPS"
Our patrons know Harold Lloyd is always good for plenty of clean comedy
Pathe's British Gazette

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ilollo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Acounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

Subscriptions for the

VICTORY FRENCH WAR LOAN

received by

Banque de l'Indo-Chine

29 The Bund

at preferential exchange facilities granted on application

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:

In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

1 French Bund, Shanghai.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Yokonama
Iloilo	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Boubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commeree et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dairen	Nicolayowak	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and fixed Deposits in Tacls, Dollars and Roubles, Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Desposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE,
Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road,

Capital	$541,000.00
Reserve Fund	$11,000.00
Deposits (June 30, 1918)	$2,688,000.00

Cable and Telegraphic Address:
"COMSAVBANK"
Telephone: Central 4522.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at 4% per annum.

Pocket Saving Banks.
Safe Deposit Boxes.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital ...	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,270,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiuklang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Account and Dollar Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per bent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital ... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin
Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt,) and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ...	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dalny	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuan	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRNANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tacls and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits	U.S. $1,713,000

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore,
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls.	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls.	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars acording to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

MITSUI BANK, LTD

SHANGHAI BRANCH

3 Foochow Road

Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 20,000,000
Reserve	Yen 13,950,000

Head office: Tokio, Japan.

President: Baron Takayasu Mitsui

Branches:
Osaka, Nishi (Osaka), Kobe, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Moji, Fukuoka, Shimonoseki, Hiroshima, Kyoto, Nagoya, Kukagawa (Tokio), Otaru.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Barclays Bank, Ltd. The London City and Midland Bank, Ltd.
New York: The National City Bank of New York.
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted.

I. KENJOH, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	659,000

HEAD OFFICE 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. HEATH
Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up
Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
60 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Hanager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI ERANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserves	Yen 4,650,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan
London, New York, San Francisco Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
Central 2318 Manager.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 2356 General Office.
Central 4668 Compradore.
Central 4621 Night only.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14, Peking Road.

Managers' Office Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Mih, Sub-Manager.
O. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondeents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tales and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,
Manager

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF CHINA

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital	Yen 10,000,000
Head Office	Peking.

Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description Transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a Specialty. We issue Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of Credit Buying and Selling Specie, Etc., Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills Discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

行 業 華 中
CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsinkiangpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Ban' of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. B. ZAH, Sub-Manager.

Tel. Central 2618 General Office.
Tel. Central 1929 Mapager's Office.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$610 B.
Chartered	£71
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$380 B.
North China	Tls. 126½
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$197½ B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 26½ B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$153 B.
Hongkong Fire	$335 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	Tls. 168
Indo-China Pref	
"Shell"	117/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 33½ B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9½ B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.40
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$163 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 148
New Eng. Works	Tls. 23½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 95 B.
Hongkong Wharf	$96
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 74 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 69 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 200
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 134
Oriental	Tls. 60
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 141
Kungyik	Tls. 16 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$86 B.
Green Island	$8½ Sa.
Langkats	Tls. 19 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 112½ B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$97½ B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5.60 B.
Weeks	$13½ S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls 8½
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8½
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 18
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.70
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.80
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 9
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2.60 B.
Dominion	Tls. 7½
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 6½ S.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 4 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls. 27
Karan	Tls. 10½
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 4½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16
Padang	Tls. 9 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.65 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8½ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.55 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
Shai Malay pref	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 0.92½ B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.05
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
Shai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.55 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.97
Tebong	Tls. 15
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 5.40
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 9½ B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 68 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 50
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 79
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 170

S., Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M....Nov. 8
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru. Nov. 12
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Nov. 8
Per P. M. s.s. Ecuador....Nov. 9
For Manila:
Per C.M. s.s. China .....Nov. 8
For Europe, etc.:
Per M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat..Nov. 16
MAILS DUE.
From U.S. and Canada:
Per C.M. s.s. China .....Nov. 7

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
		Vancouver	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
Nov.	7 —	Tacoma and Seattle	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	— —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
Nov.	8 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	9 —	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	15 —	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	24 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	29 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nov.	29 —	Seattle, etc.	Buwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	7 —	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	— —	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	1 —	Tacoma, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Br.	R. D. Co.
Dec.	17 —	Seattle, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

		Kobe	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	9 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	13 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	14 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	15 —	Nagasaki	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	16 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	19 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov.	20 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov.	17 —	Port Said, etc.	Paul Lecat	Fr.	M. M.
		London, etc.	Shidzuoka Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
		London, etc.	Aki Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov.	7	4.30 Ningpo	Klangtsee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	7	noon Amoy, H'king & C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7	5.00 Wenchow	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	8	— Foochow	Hasan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	8	4.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	8	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Nov.	8	noon Hongkong & Manila	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	10	D.L. Swatow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	10	D.L. Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	16	— Hongkong & Manila	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	22	— Hongkong & Manila	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov.	3	1.00 Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	3	— Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	5	— Newchwang	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	9	10.00 W'wei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	10	10.00 Antung	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	10	— Tientsin & Dairen	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	11	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	D.K.K.
Nov.	12	8.00 W'wei, Chefoo & T'tsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	12	6.00 Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Nov.	15	5.00 Vladivostock	Simbrisk	Rus.	R.V.F.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kweilee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	6 —	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6 —	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Nov.	6 —	Hankow	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	6 —	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6 —	Cruise	H.M.S. Gnat		
Nov.	6 —	Japan	Nissin Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	6 —	Japan	Totami Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	6 —	Japan	Hinoki Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	6 —	Japan	Mitsu Maru	Jap.	

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	6 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	6 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	6	noon Antung	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kian	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	6 —	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Chi.	B. & S.
Nov.	6 —	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. **Klangyung**, Captain W. McIlwain, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Talee Maru**, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, November 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kutwo**, tons 2,664 Catpain Gibb, will leave on **Thursday, November 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Telephone No. 240. Freight Telephone No. 250.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tuckwo**, tons 3,770 Captain Campbell, will leave on **Friday, November 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Telephone No. 240. Freight Telephone No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang Maru**, Captain H. Yamashita, will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Friday, November 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PROTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, November 9**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Fengyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, November 9**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, November 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

For Southern Ports

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Tungwah**, Captain C. Smith, will leave on **Thursday** afternoon at 5 o'clock. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, November 7, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 8**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77. Passage Telephone No. 401.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hasan**, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tamsui**, Captain J. S. DeWolf, will leave on **Sunday, November 10**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No 77.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang**, Captain C. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, November 12**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain R. J. Cain, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, November 10**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, November 24**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, Dec. 5**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Feiching**, Captain A. B. Baines, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinkong**, Capt. J. Halket, will leave on **Friday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Capt. Northcombe will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 9**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, November 10**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, November 10**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisah at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha No. 4. The Bund. Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Bennett, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, November 12**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 77, Passage Telephone No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Sunday, November 24**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The S.S. **Korea Maru**, 20,000 tons, Captain T. Ota, will be despatched on **Friday, November 8**. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 4 p.m. For passage apply to Toyo Kisen Kaisha, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

TACOMA and SEATTLE Calling at VANCOUVER, B. C. via KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Altai Maru**, Captain S. Yamane, will be despatched on **Thursday, November 21**. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. For freight **please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund Telephone Central No. 4234 and 4235.**

TACOMA and SEATTLE, VANCOUVER, CALLING at VICTORIA, B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer Africa Maru, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Sunday, December 1.** Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs' Jetty on the same day. For freight or passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 **The Bund.** (Telephone Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.)

C. N. C.

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FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengkiang.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate, Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG, and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailing every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For Ningpo—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

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"SUNSHINE BELT"
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AMERICAN REGISTRY
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S.S. Colombia	Dec. 7	S.S. Venezuela	Dec. 14

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two Bed staterooms only No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

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For Colombo via Singapore and Calcutta		For San Francisco via Cobu and Honolulu	
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S.S. Colusa	Jan. 28	S.S. Santa Cruz	Jan. 12

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

		arr.	leave.
ANDES MARU ...	(15,000 tons) Capt. K. Saito,	Nov. 4	Nov. 7
ALTAI MARU.....	(15,000 tons) Capt. S. Yamane,	Nov. 20	Nov. 21
AFRICA MARU....	(18,000 tons) Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 30	Dec. 1

FOR HONGKONG

MEXICO MARU ...	(12,000 tons) Capt. K. Komiya,	Dec. 4	Dec. 5

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin, and Dairen).

KOHOKU MARU...	(5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba,	Nov. 9	Nov. 10
KEELUNG MARU..	(3,000 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami,	Nov. 22	Nov. 24

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU ...	(5,200 tons) Capt. S. Ohba,	Nov. 22	Nov. 24

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai
For freight, passage and further information, please apply to.—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209.

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For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA
(ORIENTAL STEA MSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

KOREA MARU	For San Francisco	November 8
SIBERIA MARU	For San Francisco	November 15
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	November 29

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

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WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "CHINA".....	NOV.	24th
* S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	12th

* S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "CHINA"	NOV.	8th
S.S. "NANKING"	DEC.	24th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates etc., apply to
F. C. CHARMAN.
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CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
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	Tons		
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SUWA MARU ...	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Nov. 29
FUSHIMI MARU ...	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

CHIKUGO MARU ...	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Nov. 22
KOKURA MARU ...	5,000	Capt. G. Ohta,	Nov. 14
YAMSHIRO MARU ...	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Nov. 19.

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU ...	7,000	Capt. S. Takano,	Nov. 9
OMI MARU ...	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Nov. 13
KUMANO MARU ...	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Nov. 16

FOR JAPAN

KAGA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. N. Segawa,	—

KOBE TO SEATTLE

ATSUTA MARU ...	16,000	Capt. K. Inatsu,	Nov. 25

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU ...	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	Dec. 6
KASHIMA MARU ...	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU ...	21,000	—	Nov. 22

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Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

KITANO MARU ...	16,000	—	Nov. 20
TANGO MARU ...	14,000	—	Dec. —
NOKKO MARU ...	10,000	—	January

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokahama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homewrd voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 1330 — 130 p.m.

July 1st, 1917 and until further notice

Mail 101 B. s.	Mail 3. B. S.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
2035	815	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2204	1945	1020
2345	1112	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1934	1700	720
2350	1117	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1655	710
000	1125	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
1910	520	1230	524	arr. Mukden dep.	200	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1612
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1655	1602
745	1200	—	78	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1641	1541
1133	1500	—	148	dep. Liangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1427	1748	—	—	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	938
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	806	643
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
830	2031	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	2231	—	266	dep. Yenchowfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	038	—	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	—	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1536	316	—	377	dep. Taocheng dep.	—	120	1032
1816	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	0.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2017
1156	838	—	523	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1553	1442
1206	848	—	—	dep. Pukow arr.	—	1946	1432
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16. B. S.	Express 10. B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
. .	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	. .
2300	1430	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	735	2300

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line						Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line					
930	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	610	1230	2010	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1032	1455	2232	a. Tsiningchow d.	520	1125	1858	635	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

| 300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Moscow Trio Will Play Second Concert Saturday

The Moscow Trio, three brilliant artists who have already given several splendid concerts in Shanghai, will make their second appearance in this series Saturday night at the Lyceum Theater. They have announced an unusually good program and an enjoyable evening is promised those music lovers who attend. The members of the trio, are Mr. A. Chmelnitzki, pianist; Mr. V. Sirodo, violinist, and Mr. C. Bakaleinikoff, cellist.

News Brevities

The China Study Class of the American Woman's Club Literary Department will meet this afternoon at the Carlton Cafe. Professor Gee of Soochow University will read a paper on "Birdlife in China," Miss Mabel P. Jennings of the Shanghai American School will talk on "Earthquakes in China." Other speakers will be Mrs. W. H. Lacy on "Typhoons," Mrs. H. A. Wilbur on "Floods and Rivers" and Miss Clayborn on "Flowers in China."

• • •

Accused of forging Russian Provisional Government forty-rouble notes with intent to defraud and wilfully causing De Den-fu to commit the forgery, Michael Doll was committed to trial by jury in the Supreme Court by Magistrate F. Alan Robinson in the British Police Court yesterday. Doll professed ignorance of the whole affair.

• • •

Carl Henri Maas, German claiming to be a clergyman who was arrested at the Wayside wharf last week on landing here, was again before the Mixed Court yesterday and was again remanded in custody for further investigation.

• •

The Municipal offices will be closed to public business next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Race days.

• • •

Upon the recommendation of the Commandant Lieut. G. A. Johnson, of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, is promoted captain with seniority from October 27, the Municipal Gazette reports. A commission as 2nd Lieutenant is authorised to be issued to Mr. C. H. Ryde.

• • •

Two cases of paratyphoid and one of scarlet fever are reported among the foreign community in Dr. Stanley's health report in this week's Municipal Gazette.

• • •

The Fire Brigade answered 33 calls during the month of October, as against 20 for the corresponding month last year, according to Chief Officer Pett's report for the month. Property damage is estimated at Tls. 8,975, as against Tls. 454,250 in October, 1917. One life was lost in the fires of last month.

• • •

The Shanghai Horticultural Society will hold its Autumn Chrysanthemum Exhibition Wednesday and Thursday, November 20 and 21.

• • •

On account of the Autumn race meeting, the exchange banks which are members of the Foreign Banks Association, will open from 9 to 11 o'clock Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday mornings.

• • •

Mr. Joseph R. Darling, special representative of the Fox Film Corporation, has left for Yokohama, whence he will proceed to Siberia.

• • •

The Shanghai branch of the Society for Ultimate Peace has been established with headquarters at 8 Siking Road. Letters were sent to municipal councils of the International and the French Settlements, announcing its inauguration and its plans to hold mass meetings in Shanghai. The messages stated that the promoters of the organisation were all respectable Chinese and a list of the names of the members are kept by the society and will be open for inspection of the local authorities.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew market as compiled on November 5, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-30
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	18-20
Cod	,,	14-16
Mandarin	,,	20-40
Mackerel	,,	25-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Sole	,,	16-20
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-2.50
Duck	,,	40-70
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	16-20
Geese	each	70-$1.00
Hare	,,	35-40
Partridge	,,	35-40
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	15-16
Plover	,,	none
Quail	,,	14-16
Snipe	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	12-14
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Geese	,,	30-40
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Woodcock	,,	40-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	12-20
Bananas	,,	6-7
Cherries	,,	none
Chestnuts	,,	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	16-18
Lemons	each	7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mongostoens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	6-8
Peaches	,,	10-16
Pears	,,	12-16
Persimmons	,,	10
Pineapples	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	,,	15-20
Strawberries	,,	none
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
French Beans	per lb.	4-5
Broad Beans	,,	4-6
Beetroot	per bunch	3-4
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-4
Carrots	,,	2-3
Cauliflower	,,	30-40
Celery	per bunch	2-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	30-40
Onions	,,	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Potatoes	per picul	$1.40-1.60
Peas	per lb.	4-5
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	,,	3
Turnips	per bunch	2-4
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$5.50
Flour Australian	,,	$4.30
Flour Shanghai	,,	$2.30
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.55
Bran	,,	$2.00
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	21.75
Firewood	per 50 boundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

F. J. W. MELVILLE,
Chief Inspector.

ANNOUNCEMENT

IMPORTERS EXPORTERS

GRACE CHINA CO.

Representing and Agents for: Messrs. W. R. GRACE & CO.

OF

New York, San Francisco, Lima, Valparaiso, Buenos Aires and Branch Offices throughout North, Central and South America.

Messrs. GRACE BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

OF

London and Branch Offices throughout Europe and India.

wish to announce the opening of a

TEMPORARY OFFICE 18 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

19917

Olympic Theatre

Tonight November 7th at 9 p.m. Tonight

Great Variety Entertainment

in aid of

Italian War Funds

Under the distinguished patronage of

Cav. Uff. Nob. G. de 'Rossi, H.I.M's Consul-General

Arranged by

The Italian Club

with the kind assistance of talented local musical professionals and amateurs

Italian Official War Films

Showing

The Italian Navy—The Defence of Venice—Taranto, the Allied Naval Base—Airships—Hydroplanes, etc.

Songs — Musical Solos — Cowboys

Special Italian Orchestra

Booking at Moutrie's

19975

Business and Official Notices

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1918

NOTICE.

Only Bank-notes issued by the following Banks in Shanghai will be accepted at this Race Meeting:

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China
Bank of China (Shanghai Issue)
Bank of Communications (Shanghai Issue)
Bank of Taiwan
Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger
Banque de l'Indo Chine
Banque Industrielle de Chine
Commercial Bank of China
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank
International Banking Corporation
Mercantile Bank of India
Netherlands Trading Society (Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij)
Russo-Asiatic Bank
Yokohama Specie Bank.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

20004

Shanghai Race Club

Autumn Race Meeting, 1918.

11th, 12th and 13th November.

TICKETS of ADMISSION have been sent to Members and their wives.

A LIMITED number of Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand can be obtained from the Secretary, on the nomination of any Member, with the approval of the Stewards, on or before 4 p.m. on Saturday, 9th November, at a cost of $10 each.

APPLICATIONS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY CASH.

The issue of Free Tickets of Admission to the Grand Stand for Ladies is limited to the Wives and Daughters of Grand Stand Ticket Holders.

Tickets of Admission for the three Official Race Days and Off Day, to the unreserved part of the Enclosure only, may be obtained at the Gate or from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.

Price, $6 each for Gentlemen.
$3 each for Ladies.

Single Day Tickets are obtainable at the Gate only.

Price, $3 each for Gentlemen.
$2 each for Ladies.

Tickets for the "Off" Day are obtainable at the Gate only.

Price, $1 each.

Tiffin and Tea Tickets for Members and Grand Stand Ticket Holders only, may be obtained at the Grand Stand on Race Days.

Price, Tiffin Tickets, $2 each
Tea Tickets 50 cents each.
The Tiffin Interval will be after the Third Race each day.

THE RACES WILL COMMENCE PUNCTUALLY AT 11.30 a.m. EACH DAY.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

20003

NOTICE

Importers and Exporters wishing buying or selling connections in Japan or other parts of the Orient should communicate with or see me at the Astor House, Room No. 215.

J. A. HYNDMAN.

19964

TURKISH BATH
and
MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.

Prof. I. K. SETO,

Tel. N. 2768, 25 North Szechuen Road

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 4 Canton Road

THE FAMOUS
MOSCOW TRIO

A. CHMELNITZKI PIANO

V. SIRÓDO VIOLIN

C. BAKALEINIKOFF CELLO

Lyceum Theatre

Next Concert

9TH Novem.

at 9.15 p.m.

Booking at Moutrie's
Direction: A. SIROK

Professor Zalsman

will resume his singing lessons about the 15th of November.

Applications to be sent in at early date to

F. J. BLOM, c. e.,
c/o Messrs. T. E. M. A.,
6 Av. Edward VII.

19966

The North China InsuranceCo., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Fifteenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 19th November, 1918, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June last.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 8th to 19th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Court of Directors

H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary and General Manager.

Shanghai, 5th November, 1918.

20027

TAKE ADVANTAGE

OF THE

HIGH EXCHANGE!

Carry a Gold Dollar Account

WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

No. 10 The Bund

HONMA HOSPITAL,

No. 8A Miller Road. Tel. North 2961

DR. T. YAMADA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial Universities at Tokio and Fukuoka.)
Internal Medicine, Children's Diseases.

DR. K. HONMA,
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases, Confinements, Surgery, Skin Diseases.

Business and Official Notices

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

NOTIFICATION NO. 82.

TENDERS FOR COAL

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply, for dredgers and launches, of about six hundred tons of Lump Coal per month for six months from 1st January to 30th June, 1919, to be delivered ex godown.

Tenders marked "Tender for Coal" and addressed to the "Whangpoo Conservancy Board, 6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai," must be sent in so as to be in the Board's hands on or before noon, November 30th, 1918. At the same time tenderers are required to deliver one ton of coal as sample at the Conservancy Woosung Yard at Chang Wah Pang, the cost for which will be paid by the Board.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Shanghai, November 6th, 1918.
H. VON HEIDENSTAM,
Engineer-in-Chief.
20052

The Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Head Office 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of November, 1918, at 4 p.m., for the presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June, 1918, and the transaction of the ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 14th to 19th November, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, 7th November, 1918.
20051

CHUNGKING PRODUCE

We are Experts in Skins and Bristles. We have our own Factories, our own Godowns, and our own Buildings. We guarantee quality. If you are interested in these articles why not appoint us as your sole buying agents in Szechwan Province?

For full particulars apply to
WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, W. China.
Born 1915—Still Existing.

NOTICE

Lost Bill of Lading No. 31, calling for 2 cases of stationery, ex S. S. "GLENGYLE." The public are hereby notified not to negotiate the same, as it has been declared null and void.

The Wing On Co. (Shanghai), Ltd.
Shanghai, 5th November, 1918.
20040

Mr. and Mrs. Seki

Electric and Hand Massage
Graduated at the Massage School of Tokyo, Japan.
No. 1469, Woosung Road,
End of Minghong Road,
SHANGHAI.

Calculator Machines for Sale

A time-and-money-saving machine which adds, subtracts, multiples and divides. Sold for the small sum of Tls. 15.00 only.

APPLY TO THE
Continental Import & Export Company
8 MUSEUM ROAD.
18867

NOTICE

We have this day opened a branch and appointed Mr. H. Goldenburg as Manager, and have granted him full authority to sign for the firm.

N. S. MOSES & CO.
Importers and Exporters,
20 Des Voeux Road, Central,
Hongkong.
20043

COAL

	per ton
Hongay Anthracite	$32
Honan Anthracite No. 1 ...	30
Honan Anthracite No. 2 ...	28
House Coal No. 1	27
House Coal No. 2	25
House Coal No. 3	23
Kitchen Coal No. 1	24
Kitchen Coal No. 2	22

Weight, Quality and Prompt Delivery Guaranteed.

Order books on application.
THE EASTERN SYNDICATE
128A Szechuen Road.
Phone, Central 3255.
19927

Chen Chan Tai & Co.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of produce: sable, ermine, otter, beaver, mink, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, raccoon, cat (black all over), and naturally black, white, red, and yellow fox skins, etc., all of superior quality and good for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, muffs, etc. Gray, black and white goatskin rugs in large sizes. Our furs are *superior* and *moderate in price.*

No. 133, Honan Road, Shanghai.
Telephone No. 2933.
19732

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association.

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 11th, 12th and 13th November, on account of Autumn Race Meeting.
20047

Dr. James Yuking

Men's Diseases only
Hours: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Y.382 North Szechuen Road.
Special rates to men in uniform.

—BILL SMITH—

"It may be that there are products superior to Elephant Head French Peppermint, but they are not to be procured on this market.

ASK BILL!

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies.
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.
17997

4% New French War Loan

Rente Perpetuelle
Issue Price 70.80

Subscription opened up to 22nd November
Interest payable quarterly
Best exchange and facilities offered by
BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE
Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong.
19910

Antiseptic Liquorice Pastilles

(No. 9)

Prepared with a base of Pure Gum, Glycerine and Sugar, to which has been added the finest Spanish Liquorice Juice together with Menthol, Benzoic Acid, Eucalyptus Oil and Thymol, forms a most valuable Antiseptic Throat Pastille for winter use.

50 cents a tin: 3 tins $1.25
Postage free to outports
In bulk to Hospitals $3.00 a pound.
Packing and postage extra.

MACTAVISH AND CO., LTD.
Chemists
Opposite the GARDEN BRIDGE.

THE PIONEER KNITTING MILL

LF 1050 Rangoon Road, Yangtszepoo. Tel. No. E.245
(near Waterworks and Ewo Mill)
SALES OFFICE: A61 Szechuen Rd. Tel. No. Central 3553

Trade Mark **"CHRYSANTHEMUM"** Trade Mark

We make Silks, Mercerised Yarn and Cotton Hose and Half-Hose

Our finer grades are knitted with high heel splicing and double sole. Other grades with re-inforced heel and toe. Large stocks are always kept on hand. Sizes are made to American standard.

Ladies' Full Hose

Inquiries Solicited

Telegraphic Add.: "HOSIERY SHANGHAI"
Telegraphic No. **5004**

Trade Mark "Chrysanthemum"

WANTED

American Wheel-barrows with Metal Traps. Please offer, stating lowest price, size and quantity available, to Box No. 222 care of office of this paper.

"NATIONAL"

PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

Here is a portable typewriter of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; has every essential advantage of the big typewriters; yet stands only 6¼ in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models, in fact, a great little-machine.

Two color ribbon, back-spacer, easy removal of type-bars, etc.

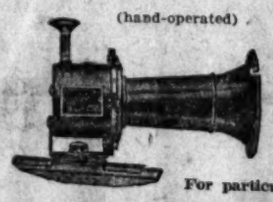
MEXICAN DOLLARS
75.00
Complete
With Leatherette Carrying Case

Be Sure You Get The New Model No. 3.

Phone Central 4778 **THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.** Phone Central 4778
4 Canton Road, Shanghai

Stewart WARNING SIGNAL

(hand-operated)



is the superior of any hand-operated horn made, no matter what the price may be. It always makes them PAY ATTENTION!

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MASON & CO.

CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD. (OPPOSITE RACE COURSE)
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3329

ASTOR GRILL ROOMS

We have been noted for years for the
EXCELLENT FOOD
that may be obtained in our restaurant. It is our constant aim to maintain that standard. Give us a trial. Private rooms at your disposal.
Phone: North 1846

THE BEST MUSIC IN TOWN—LADY PIANIST

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, 1 Museum Road, or P. D. 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, nearly new, eight-roomed detached residence, every convenience, Bubbling Well district. Rent, Taels 125. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
19987

TO LET, two flats of two rooms each. Full housekeeping or for office. Will let single if required. Modern private baths, steam-heating, hardwood floors. Apply at 51 Szechuen Road.
19974

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 10

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE
14-15 Quinsan Gardens
Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.
Telephone North 433.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE
8 Quinsan Gardens
TO LET with Board large and small comfortable rooms with bath-rooms attached. Accommodation for table boarders. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET
167 Bubbling Well Road
A large comfortable bedroom, with bathroom attached; suitable for married couple or two friends. Use of tennis, garage, stable and telephone.

YOUNG ALLEN TERRACE No. 1
(Opposite Quinsan Gardens)
To let with board, nicely furnished large and small rooms, bathrooms attached.
Also accommodation for table boarders.
19768

A NICE furnished room to let, with bathroom attached, with or without board, gas heating, telephone; in a private family. Apply to Box 224, THE CHINA PRESS.
20055

MELBOURNE HOUSE: To let, well-furnished balcony room, with small room and bathroom attached. Also small attic room. In British home. 12a Quinsan Gardens.
20041 N.10.

TO LET, unfurnished flat of two large rooms, verandah, bathroom, kitchen, Tls. 40. Yuyale district. Apply to Box 210, THE CHINA PRESS.
20030 N-12

33 SEYMOUR ROAD, to let, furnished, front bed-sitting-room; bathroom and verandah attached. Apply Mrs. Hopkins, Tel. West 457.
20000 N-8

TO LET, furnished, with board, sitting-room and two bedrooms with bathrooms. Can be let separately if required. Apply to Box 183, THE CHINA PRESS.
19983 N. 8

CENTRAL: To let, large cheerful room, with board, suitable for two bachelor friends or married couple. Apply Mrs. Benn, 9 Hankow Road, top floor.
19955

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Thoroughly experienced stenographer for large Shanghai firm. Please state full particulars and salary required. Apply to Box 216, THE CHINA PRESS.
20036 N-7

STENOGRAPHER wanted: Ability to take dictation accurately and good knowledge of English essential. Experience desirable but not absolutely necessary. Applicant must possess good basic knowledge of English and stenography in order to learn work rapidly. Reply by typewritten letter to Box 215, THE CHINA PRESS.
20035 N-7

WANTED a bookkeeper for an American Import and Export firm in Shanghai. Must be a foreigner and capable of taking charge of double-entry system. None need apply excepting those with No. 1 references. State age and salary expected to Box 204, THE CHINA PRESS.
20021 N-7

WANTED, by American importing and exporting firm, experienced stenographer (American preferred). State experience, references, salary, etc. Apply to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.
20001 N-7

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED, by experienced Chinese. Knowledge of accounts, bookkeeping, salesmanship and general office routine. Good references. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 212, THE CHINA PRESS.
20056 N. 8.

WANTED: steady young Portuguese, 28, executive ability, excellent accountant, able correspondent, familiar with all modern business methods, would like position where merit and industry will be rewarded by advancement. At present working in an important firm in Canton. Reply to Box 220, THE CHINA PRESS.
20048.

EXPERIENCED Accountant, with sound knowledge of general office work, seeks position. Outport preferred. Apply to Box 219, THE CHINA PRESS.
20046 N.12.

EXPERIENCED newspaper translator wants day work. Can take charge of correspondence. Apply to Box 208, THE CHINA PRESS.
20026 N-7

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer and typist desires position. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.
20019 N-7

HARDWORKING young man, with seven years' experience, desires a change. Has good knowledge of bookkeeping and fair at shorthand. Willing to start with moderate salary if good prospects. Contract expires February, 1919. Apply to Box 207, THE CHINA PRESS.
20025 N-7

LADY steno-typist desires permanent position (beginner). Has had a little office training. Apply to Box 205, THE CHINA PRESS.
20022

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OPEN godown space to let in Yangtszepoo district; convenient, near wharves. Apply to Box 179, THE CHINA PRESS.
19967 N.7.

To LET. Steam-heated offices, modern, newly-built, with elevator. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.
19973

MISCELLANEOUS

TWO or three gentlemen invited to join a third in well-equipped house in good location. Apply to Box 217, THE CHINA PRESS.
20042 N.12.

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, a few copies (new) Bentley's Complete Phrase Code, Hartfield Edition. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.
20058 N. 9.

FOR SALE, cheap, one Remington typewriter, model No. 10. Practically new. Further particulars, apply to Box 221, THE CHINA PRESS.
20050 N. 8.

FOR SALE, pure-bred black Minorcas and Barred Plymouth Rock chickens, six months old. Apply to Box 225, THE CHINA PRESS.
20057 N. 8.

WANTED to purchase, a motor car; must be late model and cheap. Ford car preferred. Apply to Box 211, THE CHINA PRESS.
20031 N-8

FOR SALE: One 1917 Buick touring car, four-cylinder, five passengers A1. condition. Trial by appointment. Apply to Box 189, THE CHINA PRESS.
19997 N-7

FOR SALE, Taels 17,000 cash: six new houses on Avenue Joffre, large ground frontage. Full price, Taels 29,000; Rent, Taels 3,900 per annum. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road
19988